The North Carolinian.

A DAILY DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER,

Conducted on the principle that this is a white man's government, and must be controlled by white men.

THOS. J. LEE, Business Manager.

THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN is mailed to subscribers at Eight Dollars a Year—Four Dollars for Six Months.

THE WEEKLY NORTH CAROLINIAN, the largest paper in the State, is published at the low price of Three Dollars a Year—Two Dollars for Six Months.

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A Daily Democratic, White Man's Newspaper.

NEW SERIES. RALEIGH, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 11, 1868. VOL. I., No. 36

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ADVERTISING RATES.

Reliable Advertisements are inserted in the DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN at the following rates, by contract, and may be changed in form quarterly:

One Square One Year	$ 50 00
Two Squares One Year	75 00
Three Squares One Year	90 00
Four Squares One Year	100 00
Fourth Column One Year	125 00
Half Column One Year	225 00
Whole Column One Year	400 00

An inch lengthwise the column is a square. Transient matter is charged One Dollar per Square for the first and Fifty Cents for each subsequent insertion.

All Advertisements in the WEEKLY NORTH CAROLINIAN are charged Fifty Cents a Square for every insertion.

Raleigh, Wednesday, March 11, 1868.

Democratic Address of the West Virginia Convention.

To the People of West Virginia:

We invite your attention to a review of the general political situation, its evils, and their remedy. Since 1861 the harmony of this nation has been sadly disturbed. For four years of the intervening time, the interruption of peaceful relations was due to a state of war. The practical disunion existing since 1865 is referable to a course of Congressional action, wicked in motive, illegal in character, and ruinous in result. While the war for the Union was in progress, its successful issue was anticipated as the guaranty of prompt reunion and permanent peace. Such a consummation was the aim of patriotic efforts in the field, the object of solemn pledges in the halls of Congress, and the confident expectation of the masses of the people. The war has long since ended. The rebellion has long since been crushed. Every obstacle placed by Southern movement in the way of the nation's unity has long since been removed. Nevertheless, disappointment waits upon the people's wish. The pledges of Congress have been repudiated. The triumphs of our armies have been neutralized, and the purposes of the brave men who secured them have been shamefully defeated. A dissolution more disastrous than that now existing between the Southern States and the Federal government could scarcely have been brought about by the success of the rebellion. A condition of affairs so much at variance with the wishes and interest of the people of our entire country demands a reference to the acts and aims of those who produce it.

CONGRESSIONAL RECONSTRUCTION.

For more than two years the Southern States have desired to renew their old relations to the government. Congress has constantly prevented that resumption. They are entitled to be restored upon the basis of the federal constitution. Congress has confessedly thrown aside that instrument, and obstructed restoration with terms and conditions of its own prescribing. Affecting to desire the perpetuity of the Republic, it has made a deadly assault upon republican institutions. Professing to aim at the salvation of the Union, it has wrought the destruction of ten of the States. The right of each State to regulate its own internal affairs, enfranchise its own voters, and choose its own rulers and law-makers, is as sacred as our constitution, and as indestructible as our government. Without it republican liberty is worthless, for when the people cease to be free citizens of the States they become the subjects of unlimited and irresponsible federal power. When Congress abolished the local government of the South, it violated a vital principle in our system. When it erected military establishments in their stead, it introduced the most abominable features of despotism. In further pursuance of its purposes, Congress has thrown the political power of the South into negro hands. To assure this result, it has disfranchised the white population by hundreds of thousands. Enfranchising the blacks, it has made voters of the ignorant, vicious and the brutal; legislators of those who regard liberty as license, and law as the instrument of revenge; and rulers of a class whose ideas of government, like their notions of religion, tend directly and inevitably to barbarism.

MILITARY GOVERNMENT AND ITS RESULTS.

Having given the negro the right to vote and the power to rule, Congress confesses his incompetency for either by insisting that the bayonet of the soldier, the disfranchisement of the citizen, and the supervision of the Freedmen's Bureau are necessary to sustain him in his new relations. By such declarations the dominant party would justify the continuance of military despotism erected within the Southern States. Before we sanction this iniquity, let us examine its results. It found civil governments in successful operation: it abolished those governments, and made the will of brigadier generals supreme for all purposes. Southern elections are ordered, supervised and approved or set aside by district commanders. Southern justice is what the bayonet may provide. Southern law is what the sword may decree. Southern peace is the patient submission of a conquered people; a peace threatened by impending negro insurrections, which white seditionists are inciting, and liable at any moment to disappear before the terrible tumult of social anarchy. The military government found business reviving, and enterprise struggling to repair the ravages of the war. They abolished labor, and offered army rations as a premium on negro idleness. The country cease to produce, and trade and commerce with other sections perished. Capital left a land which promised soon to be given over to confiscation. General poverty followed the encouraged indolence of the laboring classes. Actual and almost universal destitution exists among the people; the unhappy victims of Congressional cruelty must become pensioners upon national charity or perish from starvation. Hordes of thriftless and discontented negroes, passionate almost to brutality, induced to vice by idleness, incited to violence by evil counsellors, fed and pampered at the public cost, with a great army for their protection, roam at will throughout the land upon a mission of evil, carrying dismay to the hearts of helplessness and innocence, and shocking civilization with the worst of nameless crimes. Such is the condition of the South. A military despotism is over her people. The hand of lawless violence threatens them. Desolation reigns on every hand. About them are the graves of their countless dead. The past is strewn with the wreck of their greatness. Present suffering surrounds them. Their future is thick with peril and dark with gathering misfortune. The foes of the nation are at her feet. Broken in spirit, stripped of fortune, wasted, ragged, wretched and ruined, their situation invoked the magnanimity of kindred manhood and appeals to the generous mercy of a noble enemy.

DISTRESS AT THE SOUTH PRODUCES PROSTRATION AT THE NORTH.

The evil influence of bayonet reconstruction is not confined to the South. The entire country feels it. Northern factories are silent because Southern pockets are empty. Western granaries and storehouses are full, but poverty possesses their ancient market, and their former buyers are now begging bread. A commercial crash is imminent and business stands still and trembles at the prospect. The manufacturing interests of the nation are crippled and almost crushed. The spindle is motionless; the shuttle is silent; the forge and the furnace are deserted; the workshop is vacant; the mill is closed. The hands of the artisan are unemployed and empty; his children are starving, homeless and in rags. The impoverishment of the South throws the entire burden of *taxation* upon the North and West. The Southern States can render no assistance while the government grinds them with an iron heel. If their people shared its benefits they would be impelled to productive ability. As they partake only of its severities, they could not support it if they would, and so long as it oppresses them, if they are fit to be freedmen, they would not support it if they could.

THE CONGRESSIONAL PURPOSE.

The declarations of leading Republicans in Congress leave no room to doubt that the action of that body has been taken with reference to the unity of the Radical party, rather than the unity of the American Republic. The National Legislature has become a mere machine for the manufacture of radical majorities. Its material is the worst and lowest class of humanity, barely rescued from the brutality of the savage state by contact with civilization. A system which is based upon negro stupidity, supported by bayonets and designed to secure partisan triumphs through the enslavement of men of our own race, may be instituted here through force and fraud, but if it can endure in this land the American people have learned liberty to no purpose and well deserve to be taught its value under the stern tutelage of tyranny which awaits them in the future of radical supremacy.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

In its management of our financial affairs, the dominant party has enacted the grossest folly and injustice. Repeated contraction of the currency have caused incalculable commercial disasters. A still more dangerous measure of contraction is now proposed in the Senate, by which the legal tenders are to be withdrawn from circulation and replaced by interest bearing bonds. If property, and business do not enter an effective protest, the results will be little short of general ruin.

THE NATIONAL DEBT.

The national debt amounts to $2,500,000,000. It cost the holders $1,250,000,000. The party in power would pay it in gold, dollar for dollar. They would give to the bondholders a currency different from and better than that used by the people. Specie for the money lenders and paper for the masses is the end of their financial policy. A discrimination so palpable and unfair is an insult to the popular sense of justice. By the terms of the act of issue, greenbacks are made legal tender for all debts, public and private, except duties on imports and interest on the public debt. Even the soldiers of the Republic accepted paper as the price of their toils and hardships. Is the patriotism of cash more valuable than the public devotion, which fights and bleeds, and dies? Labor receives its wages in paper; the products of the farm, the goods of the merchant, professional fees, all prices and values among the people, are paid in paper. If that kind of money is good for the masses, good to buy all things, from the sweat of labor to the blood of valor, why should it not suffice for the redemption of the Federal securities?

EXEMPTION OF THE BONDS.

Under Radical management, the bonds are exempt from taxation. Receiving from the government the same protection with their property, they pay not a dollar to its support. Such exclusive privilege establishes an aristocracy of money in the midst of a Republic of labor. Toil is taxed; bonds are exempt. Toil produces; bonds consume. Toil builds our public improvements; bondholders enjoy their benefits at no cost. Toil supports our courts, pays our legislators, and defrays the general expenses of the government; bondholders partake of the blessings of all and contribute to the sustenance of none. A policy which makes labor so completely tributary to capital is anti-republican in its effect upon the masses. We greatly mistake the temper of the people if they do not demand that this wrong be promptly righted by such repeals and enactments as will compel all property alike to share the burdens of taxation.

THE REVENUE SYSTEM.

Radicalism derives the bulk of the Federal revenue from home productions and the necessaries of life. Over sixteen thousand articles, including almost everything that supports life or lightens labor, are now the subjects of taxation. Hence the great disparity between wages and the cost of living. Frauds upon the revenue are another characteristic of the present system. The laws are evaded, the officers are bribed; the country is robbed. Over one hundred millions of dollars were lost last year through downright villainy, and the deficiencies of wealthy knaves must be made good by toiling honesty.

WHERE THE MONEY GOES.

A large portion of the taxes now raised is applied to worse than useless purposes. The Freedmen's Bureau costs twelve millions annually, a sum equal to the entire yearly expense of the government under some of the earlier administrations. That institution feeds, clothes and supports a host of malignant Southern haters, negro fanatics and greedy adventurers, backed by the federal army. It has done more to breed bitterness and discontent among the Southern people than the war itself. The military establishments at the South are another kind of useless and extravagant expenditure. It is costing from sixty to one hundred millions annually.—High Radical authority estimates that it will take ten years to reconstruct the South by the present process. The lowest possible amount for which this partisan enterprise can be completed will be eight hundred millions of dollars. Are the people of this nation to be impoverished, in order that the days of niggerism and fanaticism may be long in the land? Are the masses of the country to be mercilessly taxed, robbed and ruined, in order that corruption may prosper, love of power be satisfied, and the supremacy of Radicalism be assured? We look for such a response to these questions as will wipe out the abominations of the bayonet, restore civil and constitutional governments to the South, exclude the African element from the sphere of politics, and re-establish the American Union upon the ancient foundations of equal justice and popular affection.

A REMEDY POSSIBLE.

Let us recur to the remedy for the manifold wrongs to which we have referred. The reconstruction question, whatever difficulties it may present to bitter partisans, is capable of a safe and easy adjustment through the exercise of an honest and liberal patriotism. The simple application of the principles of the Federal Constitution will remove every obstacle and effect a peaceful, permanent, and satisfactory settlement. If that instrument possesses the perfection with which every lover of his country invests it, it will not be found wanting at the critical juncture. The Constitution which has blessed the people with liberty and crowned this land with greatness will not now prove inadequate to the designs of its authority and leave the vital interests of the Union at the mercy of rude chances and political passions. Let its provisions be applied, and representatives of the South, elected by the only qualified voters of that section, will take their seats in Congress, subject only to the condition imposed upon members from other parts of the land; the natural relations between the Southern States and the General Government will be resumed, and the Union of the States, triumphantly restored, will return in form, in fact, and freedom to the original glory of her first and best estate. The restoration of the South will open the way to great financial relief. When her people are relieved of the domination of the bayonets and the blacks, they will be encouraged to productive pursuits; general prosperity will revive their palsied energies, and their assistance will be happily felt in removing the great burden of debt which now impedes the national progress. The costly national nuisance, the Freedmen's Bureau, will be abolished, and common sense having mastered the situation will decree that negroes, like white men, must either work or starve. The expensive Southern military establishment will be acknowledged unnecessary, and with their disappearance tax-payers will thank God and take courage. A fair taxation of the Federal securities will yield many millions of revenue. The national banks suggest another opportunity of retrenchment. They own between three and four hundred millions in Federal bonds, upon which they draw interest. These bonds are deposited with the Government, and for every $100,000 so deposited, they receive $90,000 in national bank notes. These notes constitute their circulation, and with them they carry on the business, and earn the profits of banking proper. The interest accruing on their deposited bonds is so much premium paid them, in addition to the regular earnings of their business. They receive the benefit of just ninety per cent. more capital than they have invested, and this gratuitous premium comes from the pockets of the people. Justice requires that this sum amounting to between twenty and thirty millions annually, be saved to the public. The simple process of recalling the national bank notes and substituting for the bonds legal tenders as banking currency will effect the needed result, and another sinkhole for the earnings of laborers will be effectually stopped. In the matter of revenue, fewer articles could be taxed, and through a more perfect and more honest mode of assessment and collection, much larger returns could be realized. Congressional extravagance and corruption should be reformed. Investigating committees should be abolished. Land grants and railroad swindles should be abandoned. The Indian wars, like the last, should be avoided. Terrestrial purchases should be suspended. Countless other modes of waste and fraud could be corrected, and a portion of the savings set aside for the final redemption of the debt. A sinking fund for this purpose, made up of bond taxation, the premium paid the national banks and the money wasted in Africanizing the South, would redeem every dollar of the debt in less than twenty years. The way to this desired end could be opened by the substitution of legal tenders for the bonds as rapidly as may be consistent with safety. Millions now paid in interest would thus be economized, and, with the aid of a restored and producing South, the end of our financial troubles would speedily approach.

CONCLUSION.

Having thus attempted to set forth your wrongs, and the possibility of a remedy, we now appeal to you to work out the needed reformation. Whatever evils may result from bad government, the people are the sufferers. Whatever reforms are effected must be brought about by and through the people themselves. The people have it in their power to remove the giant iniquities whose shadows darken the land. They have but to speak, and the enemies of their peace would be powerless, the dignity of the constitution and the laws will be vindicated, and their now imperilled country rescued from impending danger, purified and strengthened by its trials, will resume its majestic march in the paths of greatness, happiness and freedom. A movement has been inaugurated in this city for the organization of the friends of law and order and honest government, as against the forces of Radicalism in West Virginia. The movement will extend to every county; it will find co-operation in every township and school district in the State. We invite and urge you to join hands in the great work of political redemption.

Other States have taken the lead and are already enjoying the first fruits of victory. From Connecticut to California, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, the people have interchanged the tidings of deliverance, and both oceans have heard their wild shout of gladness and triumph. The Central States of Ohio and Pennsylvania have responded with glorious deeds that yet thrill the nation. The Empire State has arisen with a mighty proclamation for the right, and the manifestation of her power, like the restless march of a conquering host, points out the path of destiny and bids the nation follow. Already we hear the footsteps of approaching political revolution. It is advancing with an energy that gives assurance of its triumphant progress even unto the end.—Let the people of Virginia fall in with the hosts that move to the rescue of our government and its institutions. While others are fighting and triumphing, let them, too, participate in the struggle and contribute to the result. We invoke your aid in your own behalf, in behalf of good government, and the attendant blessings of justice, liberty and progress. Unite for the restoration of your lost prosperity. Labor for the overthrow of organized fanaticism, corruption and folly. Act, act, act for the sake of peace, Union, freedom and humanity.

PLAN OF ORGANIZATION OF THE CONSERVATIVE PEOPLE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

STATE ORGANIZATION.

A State Committee, to consist of a chairman and thirty members—six of whom shall reside in Raleigh and three in each judicial district—to be appointed by the State Convention.

The committee shall have power to maintain its organization by filling vacancies, &c., and shall take charge of all matters relating to organization, registrations, &c., and a proper canvass of the State.

DISTRICT ORGANIZATION.

The members of the State Committee in each judicial district shall constitute a district Committee for their respective districts and shall appoint a Chairman, and shall take charge of all matters relating to county organization, &c., in their respective districts; and shall report all matters relating thereto, to the Chairman of the State Committee.

COUNTY ORGANIZATION.

It is recommended that each County, by popular meetings or through the medium of existing organization, appoint a County Committee, to consist of at least two persons from each Captain's District within its limits.

The County Committee shall take charge of all matters of registration, local organization, &c., within the County, and is requested to make monthly reports to the Chairman of the District Committee, and when necessary, to inform him of such local matters as may require the attention of the District Committee.

It is further recommended that each County Committee cause to be enrolled the names of all the registered voters of their county, who are willing to act and vote with this organization—no man to be thus enrolled without his express consent; and, also, that they cause to be enrolled on a separate list the names of all those who are entitled to register, but who have not done so, and that they use every exertion to secure their registration and active co-operation.

PLATFORM.

The Conservative people of North Carolina, having by their delegates assembled in Convention at Raleigh, on the 5th of February, 1868, to consider the present anomalous condition of the State, and of the country, and to consult together upon the grievances which now afflict and threaten them, and the course of action proper to be adopted in the trying circumstances which surround them, do resolve and declare

1. Our unalterable devotion to the principles of Constitutional liberty, and our fealty to the government of the United States, as set forth in the Federal Constitution. That we sincerely and in good faith accept the legitimate and legal results of the late war, and do hereby reiterate our oft repeated declaration, that we most heartily desire peace and concord with our sister States, and with the entire people of the United States.

2. *Resolved,* That regarding the Constitution of the United States as the source of all power in the administration of the government, and that the powers of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial department are equal and co-ordinate, as defined by that instrument, we do respectfully and solemnly protest against the enforcement upon our people, of the Reconstruction Acts, and policy of Congress, as unconstitutional, unwise and destructive to society, and violative of that great principle of American politics, that each State shall have the exclusive control of its own internal offices.

3. *Resolved,* That it is the opinion of this Convention that the great and all absorbing issue, now soon to be presented to the people of the State, is negro suffrage and negro equality, if not supremacy, and whether hereafter in North Carolina and the South, the white man is to be placed politically and, as a consequence, socially, upon a footing of equality with the negro, and, in many localities, subject to his government as a superior. That we are utterly opposed to such change in our government and in our social relations, and that we do hereby earnestly recommend to the people of the State to manfully meet the issue now attempted to be forced upon them, and to use every proper measure within their power to avert the impending mischief.

4. *Resolved,* That while we are unalterably opposed to political and social equality with the black race, we yet have no unjust prejudicies against that race, that we are determined, by just laws, to protect them fully in all their civil rights, and to confer upon them all privileges which can be done consistently with the safety and welfare of both races.

5. *Resolved,* That the distressed and impoverished condition of our people earnestly demands the speediest and wisest measures of relief that the Legislature can devise.

6. *Resolved,* That this Convention recognizes, with feelings of gratitude, the heroic and patriotic efforts of the President of the United States, to restore the Union and harmony and good will among the American people.

7. *Resolved,* That this Convention regards the Supreme Court of the United States as the legitimate expounder in the last resort of the Constitution—and believe that its rights and powers, in that respect, should be preserved intact as established by law in the earlier and better days of the republic, and that any serious impairment thereof, by legislation or otherwise, will be destructive to the best interests of the country, and dangerous to the liberties of the people.

8. *Resolved,* That despairing of any restoration of the Southern States under the conduct of that organization which now controls the proceedings of Congress, waiving all former party feeling and prejudice, this Convention does most unhesitatingly recommend and invite the hearty co-operation of all the good people of North Carolina with the Democrats, and Conservative men of the North and West, who are now nobly struggling for the maintenance of the Constitution of the United States, and the restoration of the Southern States to their rights in the Union, on the solid foundation of harmony and peace.

9. *Resolved,* That this Convention elect four delegates and four alternates for the State at large, to represent the conservative people of North Carolina in the next Democratic National Convention, and that it recommend to the conservative people of the several Congressional Districts, to appoint delegates at an early day to represent them in said Convention.

10. *Resolved,* That when an election shall be ordered for the ratification of a new State Constitution, the Executive Committee for the State, hereafter to be appointed by this Convention, be instructed, if the time shall be sufficient to call a Convention of the Conservative people of the State, to put in nomination candidates for the various State offices whose election shall then be ordered, and if there shall not be sufficient time to call said Convention, to put in nomination sound Conservative men for said office.

CONSERVATIVE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Hon. Thomas Bragg, Raleigh, Chairman.
R. C. Badger, Esq., " Secretary.

1st District—Hon. W. N. H. Smith, Wm. A. Moore, Mills H. Eure.

2nd District—H. R. Bryan, Geo. V. Strong, T. S. Kenan.

3rd District—Hon. Geo. Howard, J. J. Davis, M. W. Ransom.

4th District—J. M. Leach, L. Brown, J. T. Morehead, Jr.

5th District—E. D. Hall, A. McLean, Hon. T. S. Ashe.

6th District—R. M. Armfield, W. M. Robbins J. H. Wilson.

7th District—Plato Durham, A. C. Avery, M. L. McCorkle.

8th District—R. M. Stokes, Cassius Gudger, W. L. Love.

At Raleigh: Hon. A. S. Merrimon, Hon. D. G. Fowle, Gen. W. R. Cox, Seaton Gales, J. P. H. Russ, Moses A. Bledsoe and R. C. Badger.

CONSERVATIVE CANVASSERS.

Alamance County—Dr John A Moore, James A Graham, James E Boyd, George Patterson, Sr, T M Holt.

Anson—Thomas S Ashe, Arch'd Niven, C R Liles, W G Smith, W P Kendall.

Beaufort—Thomas Sparrow, James B Stickney, Churchill Gorham, F B Satterthwaite, Edward S Marsh.

Burke—Thos G Walton, S C W Tate, Dr David Berry, Andrew Shuford, Jno F Merrill.

Brunswick—Capt D C Allen, Samuel R Chinnis, Col S D Thurston, Thos Drew, Asa Ross.

Cabarrus—William S Harris, John M Long, Dr L S Bingham, Dr F M Henderson, Frank Rogers, Samuel Pharr, P. B. Means.

Caldwell—Maj W H Malone, Gen S F Patterson, Edward W Jones, Rev Isaac Oxford, R H Moody.

Camden—Col D D Ferebee, Dr Muller, C G Luke, W B Ferebee and Willis Sanderlin.

Chatham—M Q Waddell, John Manning, Jr, H A London, Jr, B J Howze, James F Rives.

Carteret—Dr L W Martin, L S Oglesby, John M Perry, Samuel Leffers, Ben H Bell.

Catawba—Dr Ellis, Dr Turner Abernathy, Jonas Cline, G James, Capt Helton.

Caswell—Bedford Brown, John Kerr, Thomas Donoho, S P Hill, G W Thompson.

Cleaveland—Col Lee M McAfee, J. W. Gidney, H D Lee, H Cabaniss and A R Homesley.

Columbus—John W Ellis, W J Stanley, Forney George, V V Richardson, J M McGougan.

Craven—Henry R Bryan, Alexander C Latham, Wm C Snead, John Hughes, Dr P E Hines, H T Guion, Alex Justice.

Currituck—Dr W H Lassell, Burwell M Baxter, James M Woodhouse, William Shaw, T C Humphreys.

Davidson—C. F Lowe, Henry Walser, Jr, F C Robbins, J H Welborn, M H Pinnix.

Duplin—Prof N B Webster, Col Wm A Allen, Capt A J Brown, Wm R Ward, J D Stanford, J. E. Hussey,

Gaston—W T Shipp, Edmund Wilkes, Robert Holland, Col Wm Stowe, Eph Black.

Granville—Col J S Amis, R A Jenkins, N E Cannady, W H P Jenkins, T L Hargrove.

Guilford—Peter Adams, Sr, David F Caldwell, Rev Calvin H Wiley, Nereus Mendenhall, Samuel Rankin, Jr.

Halifax—Edward Conigland, Mason L Wiggins, Dr Henry Mason, R H Smith, William H. Day.

Hertford—J J Yeates, Dr G C Moore, Jas G Slaughter, Dr R H Smoot, Dr R H Shields.

Iredell—Thomas A Nicholson, J H Hill, R A McLaughlin, R R Dempster, Colonel John Malt.

Jones—R R Jones, C B Koonce, E S Franks, H C Foscue, F Foy, E M Foscue.

Johnston—J H Abell, L R Waddell, C B Sanders, W H Avera, Seth Woodall.

Lenoir—Dr H W Blount, J C Wooten, A Munroe, G F Whitfield, Wm J Pope.

Lincoln—W J Hoke, D Schenck, W A Graham, W F Hynes, J A Caldwell.

McDowell—Gen Alney Burgin, A M Erwin W W Fleming, Dr John Yancey, Dr McCoy.

Moore—Gen D Dowd, Dr Jno Shaw, Capt Jas D McIver, Capt George Wilcox, Dr H Turner.

Northampton—Gen T J Person, R B Peebles, Dr J C Jacobs, N Thomas Mason, W W Peebles, Dr W S Copeland.

Orange—Jones Watson, John F Lyon, W W Guess, John W Graham, R F Webb.

Onslow—John W Shackleford, E W Farrell, Henry H Sanderlin, M L F Rhese, W P Ware.

Pitt—E C Yellowley, Dr C J O'Hagan, G W Johnson, Henry Shepherd, W R Williams, Jesse Stancill, Abram Cox, L G Little.

Richmond—B F Little, W D Townsend, James T Rosser, James P Leak, John Johnson.

Robeson—John Leach, N A McLean, Giles Leitch, John H McEachern, Thomas Morrisey.

Rowan—F E Shober, W H Bailey, Kerr Craige, W A Hanck, Isaac M Shaver, T W Keen, Rich'd Cowan.

Rutherford—L P Erwin, Joseph Carson, G W Whitesides, Thos S Duffy and W H Miller.

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Surry—H M Waugh, H C Hampton, —— Gilmer, Dr Jos Hollingsworth, N H Gwyn.

Wayne—S Newton, Geo V Strong, Wm G Morisey, E A Wright, George Jarvis.

Wilkes—Dr C L Cooke, Dr James Calloway, E A Welbourne, Dr Tyre York, Phineas Horton.

Wake—Charles M Busbee, J Q DeCarteret, Jesse A Norris, Geo Whiting, Jacob Fleming, R W York, Jesse Winburn, G H Alford.

Warren—Col W J Green, Col W A Jenkins, E J Plummer, P R Davis, B M Collins.

Yadkin—Wm A Robbins, J Williams, Sr., Jos Dobson, Aquila Speer, E C Roughton.

JUDICIAL DISTRICT COMMITTEES.

1st. District.—Messrs. W. N. H. Smith, of Hertfort, M. L. Eure, of Gates, and W. A. Moore, of Chowan.

2nd. District.—George Howard, of Edgecombe, F. B. Satterthwaite, of Beaufort, and J. E. Moore, of Martin.

3rd. District.—C. S. Wooten, of Wayne, H. R. Bryan, of Craven, and John M. Perry, of Carteret.

4th. District.—A. A. McKoy, of Sampson, Thomas S. Kenan, of Duplin, and J. A. Engelhard, of New Hanover.

5th. District.—Archibald McLean, of Cumberland, Thos. S. Ashe, of Anson, and W. L. Steele, of Richmond.

6th. District.—M. W. Ransom, of Northampton, Jo. J. Davis, of Franklin, Willis H. Jenkins, of Granville.

7th. District.—J. T. Morehead, Jr., of Guilford, Livingston Brown, of Caswell, H. A. London, Jr., Chatham.

8th. District.—J. M. Leach, of Davidson, W. M. Robbins, of Rowan, Rufus L. Patterson, of Forsythe.

9th. District.—Plato Durham, of Cleaveland, J. H. Watson, of Mecklenburg, Jno. F. Hoke, of Lincoln.

10th. District.—A. C. Avery, of Burke, R. F. Armfield, of Wilkes, A. F. Simonton, of Iredell.

11th. Distret.—Marcus Erwin, of Buncombe, N. Kelsey, of Madison, Robt. Penland, of Yancey.

12th. District.—Cassius Gudger, of Macon, W. L. Love, of Haywood, L. S. Gash, of Henderson.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

1st. District.—W. F. Martin, of Pasquotank, R. B. Peebles, of Northampton, P. T. Henry, of Bertie.

2nd. District.—Wm. Biggs, of Edgecombe, W. A. Allen, of Duplin, and Maj. Jno. Hughes, of Craven.

3rd. District.—D. C. Allen, of Brunswick, A. J. Jones, of Columbus, Rory McNair, of Robesor.

4th. District.—H. G. Williams, of Nash, T. D. Snead, of Johnston, W. J. Green, of Warren.

5th. District.—Levi M. Scott, of Guilford, S. S. Jackson, of Randolph, Frank C. Robbins, of Davidson.

6th. District.—Robt. D. Johnston, of Charlotte, S. H. Walkup, of Union, M. L. McCorkle, of Catawba.

7th. District.—Thad. D. Bryson, of Jackson, Jas. H. Merrimon, of Buncombe, A. M. Erwin, of McDowell.

JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

First District—Currituck, Perquimans, Hertford, Camden, Chowan, Bertie, Pasquotank, Gates.

Second District—Tyrrel, Beaufort, Edgecombe, Hyde, Martin, Washington, Pitt.

Third District—Craven, Greene, Wayne, Carteret, Onslow, Wilson, Jones, Lenoir.

Fourth District—Brunswick, Columbus, Robeson, New Hanover, Bladen, Duplin, Sampson.

Fifth District—Cumberland, Richmond, Stanly, Harnett, Anson, Union, Moore, Montgomery.

Sixth District—Northampton, Wake, Johnson, Warren, Nash, Granville, Halifax, Franklin.

Seventh District—Person, Randolph, Caswell, Orange, Guilford, Rockingham, Chatham, Alamance.

Eighth District—Stokes, Rowan, Surry, Forsyth, Davie, Davidson, Yadkin.

Ninth District—Union, Lincoln, Rutherford, Cabarrus, Gaston, Polk, Mecklenburg, Cleaveland.

Tenth District—Iredell, Caldwell, Alexander, Burke, Wilkes, McDowell.

Eleventh District—Alleghany, Mitchell, Watauga, Buncombe, Ashe, Yancey, Madison.

Twelfth District—Henderson, Macon, Cherokee, Transylvania, Jackson, Haywood, Clay.

1852 AT THE OLD STAND. **1852**

ESTABLISHED IN 1852.

WE have now on hand, and are constantly manufacturing some of the best Buggies, with and without tops; Rockaways, two and four seats; Wagons, spring and plantation, that were ever exhibited in North Carolina, and respectfully solicit a call from all who may design purchasing anything in our line, before they have made a selection.

We are constantly manufacturing of superior material, also, Harness, of every description required in this section of country, all of which will be sold at reasonable prices, and guaranteed to be as represented by the undersigned, at the old Established Shops, on Nash Street.

Thankful for past favors, we solicit a continuance from our old friends, and request a trial from those who have not proved us.

Prices reduced to suit the times. Orders solicited. Very respectfully,

PARKER, MURRAY & CO.

Wilson, N. C., June 19th, 1867, tf.

J. T. MORRIS,

Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture of all descriptions; Raymond's Metalic Cases, and wooden coffins of all kinds always on hand.—No. 127, Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va. Branch House at Raleigh, N. C.

to April 17

NORFOLK.

PIANO FORTE AGENCY.

WILSON & WALKE,

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,

No. 1 MAIN STREET,

NORFOLK, VA.,

BEG to inform their friends in town and country, and the public, that they are now prepared to execute orders for the following first-class manufacturers, the Agency of all of which they have secured, viz:
Steinway & Sons, New York,
Knabe & Co., Baltimore,
H. F. Miller, Boston,
Grovesteen & Co., New York

GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO FORTES.

A supply of each of which will always be kept on hand and offered at manufacturers' prices.

The acknowledged reputation of these instruments—being of superior quality—renders unnecessary comment, and our guarantee—which accompanies each Piano—with our large and varied stock to select from, affords unusual advantages to persons in want of a first class instrument. Instore and expected

FOUR SPLENDID INSTRUMENTS.

Second-hand Pianos bought, sold and exchanged for new ones. Pianos tuned and repaired by experienced workmen.

Circulars and Catalogues of the above Pianos sent postpaid on application.

WILSON & WALKE.

to Aug 24

TOBACCO! CIGARS!! PIPES!!!

WAREHOUSE OF

HAMBURGER BROTHERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF CIGARS.

Wholesale Dealers in all kinds of

CHEWING TOBACCO, SMOKING TOBACCO,

LORILLARD'S, MACABOY,

AND

SCOTCH SNUFFS

AT NEW YORK PRICES.

Importers of all kinds of

PIPES AND SMOKERS' ARTICLES.

Merchants will find it to their interest to exam, amine our stock before purchasing.

We keep the LARGEST STOCK in our line South.

We offer to sell all Goods at the very lowest prices.

Satisfaction guaranteed, or no sale.

Our facilities in buying our Goods enable us to compete with any house in the United States.

For further information, call at

HAMBURGER BROTHERS,

UNDER MECHANIC'S HALL,

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

January 30-tf.

BOOTS AND SHOES AT WHOLESALE!

We would respectfully inform the Merchants of North Carolina that we have just received from Manufacturers' hands, our second Fall Stock of BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, HATS, &c.

Our stock is again complete in every respect, and we guarantee to furnish all goods in our line at New York wholesale prices.

W. H. TURNER, T. BOTTIMORE, W. C. MARROW, JR., } W. H. TURNER & CO. Norfolk, Va.

REMOVAL.—In order to accommodate the increasing demand upon us for Boots and Shoes, we shall, on or about the 15th of December next, remove to our large and commodious Iron Front Warehouse, Atlantic Block, Main Street.

W. H. TURNER & CO.

Jan. 30, tf.

J. D. KEED, (AGENT.)

Practical Hatter, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, Umbrellas, Canes, &c., No, 18 Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

to Ap i 10.

NORFOLK.

TAYLOR, MARTIN & CO.,

Dealers in Hardware, Cutlery, Bar Iron and Steel, Wagon Material, Belting and Packing, House Furnishing Goods, &c., Circular Front, Corner of Main Street and Market Square, Norfolk, Va.

Nails at Factory prices, Trace Chains, Weed, Hilling and Grub Hoes, Horse Collars and Hames, Axes, Saws, &c., &c.

The trade supplied at Northern prices.

to Feb 27.

WILLIAM LAMB,

General Commission Merchant, Norfolk, Va.

Will sell Cotton and other Southern Produce in Norfolk, or Liverpool, England.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

to Feb 27.

J. M. FREEMAN,

Watchmaker and Jeweler, No. 29 Main Street, Corner of Talbot, Norfolk, Va. Constantly on hand a full assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, &c.

to Aug 18.

C. SCHWARZKOPF,

Importer and Dealer in French China, Crockery and Glass-Ware, No. 55 Main Street, Norfolk, Virginia.

to Aug 24.

WALTER'S NATIONAL HOTEL,

NORFOLK, VA.

J. M. WALTERS, Proprietor.

To August 28.

E. VANCE,

Norfolk, Virginia, Wholesale Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Liquors, Bottler of Ales, Wines, Porter, Cider, and all sorts of Mineral Waters.

This is the largest Bottling Establishment South of Baltimore.

Norfolk Va. to Jan 23.

J. G. WOMBLE & CO.,

Importers of and Dealers in Hardware, Cutlery, Axes, Edge Tools, Cross and Circular Saws, Gum Belting, Gum and Hemp Packing, Anvils, Bellows, Vises, &c., No. 2 Commercial Row, near Ferry, Norfolk, Va.

to Aug 21.

JOHN B. NEAL & CO.,

Cotton Factors and General Commission Merchants, Norfolk, Va.

Refer to R. H. Smith, Esq., Scotland Neck; Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte; O. G. Parsley & Co., E. Murray & Co., Wilmington; Gen. R. W. Hayward, Raleigh; Gen. Wade Hampton, South Carolina; Col. John W. Cunningham, Person county; Turner Battle, Esq., Edgecombe; Exchange National Bank of Norfolk; Geo. H. Brown & Co., Washington.

JNO. B. NEAL, OF N. C. JNO. WHITE, OF N. C.

Jan 30—tf.

DRUG WAREHOUSE.

M. A. & C. A. Santos, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass Ware, &c., Norfolk, Va.

Wholesale agents for Lorillard's Snuffs.

to Aug 24

D. W. Hill, No. 5, Campbell's Wharf, Norfolk, Va., Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Stoves, Tin Ware, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware, Lamps, Lanterns, Lamp Chimneys, &c.

Bath Tubs and Toilet Sets manufactured to order.

Guttering and Roofing done cheaper than any house in the City. to Oct 5

NORFOLK STEAM REFINED CANDY Manufactory. Established 1837.

C. Jordan & Son, Wholesale Confectioners.

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts, Pickles, Segars, &c., and proprietors of Jordan's Vegetable Cough Candy.

Store, 77 E. Main st., Factory, 58 S. Church street, Norfolk, Va. to Oct 5

ESTABLISHED 1847.

C. F. Greenwood & Bro., Watchmakers and Jewellers. Dealers in Fine Gold and Silver Watches, Diamonds, Pearl and other Rich Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, Spectacles, Clocks and Fancy Goods,

No 27 Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

N. B.—Watches and Jewelry repaired by the most skillful workmen, and warranted.

C. F. GREENWOOD,
FRED. GREENWOOD.

to Aug 25

ESTABLISHED 1851.

Kader Biggs & Co., Cotton Factors and General Commission Merchants, Norfolk, Va.

Special and entire attention to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of Produce, and prompt returns made. Our long experience in business gives us superior advantage in making sales at the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions. Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

KADER BIGGS,
JOS. J. BIGGS.

ATLANTIC IRON WORKS AND DOCK COMPANY.

Office:—Corner East Wide Water and Hutchin's Lane.

Works in the City:—East Wide Water and Main Street.

Works and Dock:—Adjoining the city, on the Elizabeth river, near Fort Norfolk.

Have on hand and manufacture to order, at short notice, Marine Engines and Boilers, Stationary and Portable Engines, Saw, Grist and other Mills, Dredging Machines, Pile Driving Machines, Hoisting Engines, &c., and Tanks of every variety. Iron Hulls of Steamers, barges and boats built to order.

Especial attention paid to repairs of Steamers. Where the vessels are brought to the wharves of the Company, no charge will be made for wharfage while the vessels are undergoing repairs.

Agricultural Castings for Store Fronts, Lintals, Columns and Miscellaneous Castings of every description made at short notice.

No charge for patterns when the Company have them on hand.

Forgings of heavy and light work executed in the most reliable manner at low rates, by the pound or day's work. Blast driven by steam.

Highest cash price paid for old metal.

H. ASHTON RAMSAY,
to Ap'l 17 Treasurer and Superintendent.

F. W. SEABURY'S SONS,

19 Market Square, Norfolk, Va.

Established 1837. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Gaiters, Trunks, Valises and Bags.

Prices moderate.

☞ Goods Direct from Manufacturers.

to Aug 24.

The North Carolinian.



"Breathes there a man with soul so dead,
Who never to himself hath said,
This is my own, my native land."

WM. A. HEARNE, JNO. W. DUNHAM.
EDITORS.

Raleigh, Wednesday, March 11, 1868.

THE Convention was engaged yesterday in consideration of the report of the committee on the Judicial Department. To the seventeenth section of that report, Mr. Durham offered an amendment providing "that white orphan children shall not be bound to colored masters, and that no colored person shall be appointed guardian of a white ward."

Upon this amendment, Mr. Durham called the previous question, and it was voted down by a strict party vote.

The audacity and brazen effrontery of these Radical adventurers approximates the sublime. With the accumulated evidence afforded by their own conduct, they stoutly deny that they desire or favor the equality of the negro; and yet by the law, which they have framed, white men and negroes are required to belong to the same militia companies and regiments; white children and negro children are compelled to attend the same public schools, or else the former are to be deprived of educational advantages, which their fathers are taxed to afford to negroes; and now, by the rejection of this present amendment, white men are asked to support a constitution by which, when dead, their offspring may become the servants of negroes. And yet they do not desire social equality! Away with the lying pretense. They do favor it, despite their false and deceitful denials. At heart they may abhor the idea, but for private gain and public preferment they surrender their opinions and their principles to gain the favor of ignorant, brutal negroes, by whose votes alone they hold their places now, or can hold them hereafter.

We ask the white men of North Carolina if they are willing, when they shall have passed from earth, that their loved ones shall be committed to the keeping of negro masters and guardians? God forbid that we should sanction a Constitution which seeks to degrade us below the level of slaves!

THE Convention on yesterday adopted an amendment to the report of the Judiciary Committee increasing the number of Judges of the Supreme Court bench from three to five. This body professes to be deeply concerned for the relief of the people. Much of its time has been consumed in discussion of various propositions for the accomplishment of that desirable end. These discussions have cost the people of the State thousands of dollars. In proof of the sincerity of its professions it has created many new and unnecessary offices, which will add heavily to the burdensome taxes already borne by the people.

There was no necessity for the increase spoken of, since the Supreme Court, as at present organized, has been amply competent for the adjudication of all cases coming before it. The measure was sharply denounced by Mr. Durham, who charged the Convention with acting from a desire to reward certain parties, not provided for on the State or Congressional tickets. Mr. Durham's charge was substantiated by Mr. Cowles, who admitted its truth by confessing that the object of the Convention was to make warm places for greedy patriots, who had not yet received the reward for their voluntary degradation.

Oh, the beauty and the consistency of Radical politics and politicians!

THE Maryland Radical State Convention met in Baltimore, on Friday last, to nominate delegates to the Chicago Convention, and for the transaction of other business of the party. Much discussion arose upon the question of negro suffrage. A resolution offered by Dr. Wilmer, in favor of the dogma, was defeated by a vote of 65 to 13.

This action caused a division, and about thirty of the delegates, headed by Judge Bond, of Baltimore, seceded. They issued a call for another convention, to assemble in Baltimore on the 18th of April, to elect delegates to the Chicago Convention, pledged to impartial manhood suffrage.

The original convention declared for Grant and Creswell for President and Vice President.

This defeat of negroism indicates the policy of the party. In those States in which party capital can be made of it, it is to be pressed, not otherwise.

Vote for the constitution, and you vote for negro equality!

THE iron-clad oath was modified by the House of Representatives on Friday last, in order that Judge Roderick R. Butler, representative elect from the State of Tennessee, might be admitted to his seat. The oath is modified only for such persons as may be appointed to any office or place of trust in or under the government, and whose political disabilities have been removed by a two-thirds vote of both houses of Congress. As changed the oath reads as follows: "I, A. B., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter, so help me God."

The bill removing Judge Butler's disabilities was then passed, and he will be admitted for the purpose of supporting measures which Mr. Stevens declares outside of the constitution, after having solemnly sworn to support and defend it. Radical consistency this, and an evidence of the convenient consciences of the leaders of the party.

After which Mr. Yates, who advocated Mr. Holden's election in 1865, the acceptance of the Howard amendment and the calling of the present convention, expresses his regret that he can not give the instrument his approval and support.

SILAS N. STILLWELL, radical delegate from the county of Mecklenburg in the so-called, recently addressed a letter to W. J. Yates, Esq., editor of the Western Democrat, inviting his co-operation in the ratification of the constitution. In reply to a remark made by Stillwell in regard to the necessity for a good constitution, Mr. Yates thus admirably sums up the objectionable features in that which Stillwell has assisted in framing: It "increases the number of salaried offices and thereby increases the taxes of our people; it enjoins the expenditure of large sums of public money for additional public buildings, &c.; it multiplies elections by popular vote, and in that way gives cause for constant contention, turmoil and collision; it makes changes in our customs and laws which the white native citizens and tax-payers cannot approve of; it seeks to place the negro on a perfect equality with the white man, and puts white and black children together in the same school, and white and black men together in the militia, and it tends to make the negro a ruler over white men, and *this is not a good constitution for North Carolina.*"

THE CAPITOL MONKEY SHOW.

(BY OUR SPECIAL REPORTER UNDER THE TABLE.)

[The reader is particularly requested to remember the fact that no Reporter for this paper is allowed on the floor, in the halls or in the galleries of the Convention, and consequently our reports are made from under the table, behind the scenes, or as may be otherwise ordered and convenient.]

FORTY-EIGHTH DAY.

EVENING ENTERTAINMENT.

MONDAY, March 9.

* * * * * *

SPECIAL ORDER—SUFFRAGE.

The report of the Committee on Suffrage and Eligibility to office was taken up and read the second time.

P(h)ool, Pasquotank tom-tit, sprung the previous question on the 1st and 2d sections, comprising the article on suffrage.

The house sustained the call, and the bill passed its second reading by a vote of 62 to 19.

The Tom-tit then moved the adoption of the 1st section on Eligibility. Carried.

Section 2 was read.

The Tourgee objected to the exception in the 2d section. He graciously announced himself as quite willing to entrust the great American Eagle in the hands of good men, but held that no man was good unless he was "loil" and believed in the existence of God and the Tourgee.

Harris, nigger, of Wake, [who does'nt believe in Ariel (*ary hell*, as Jeemes pronounces it,] asked the Tourgee if he held that a man who did not believe in the existence of God should hold office.

The Tourgee—I don't believe the people of North Carolina will elect such a man to office. If such a test is put on individuals for office, it should also be put upon the voter.

Hood, Egyptian, moved to strike out in 2d line, all after the words "Almighty God."

King, of Lenoir, begged the Konvenshun not to vote for a measure that would put men in office who denied the existence of the Divine Being.

Candler, the Buncombe bi-baby-bunting-boy, offered as a substitute for the exception in the report, the 1st, 2nd and 4th sections of the minority report. He said although he was an infant and

"You'd scarce expect one of his age
To speak in public on the stage,"

yet it was a baby notion of his that the Convention would not carry out the Reconstruction acts unless they disfranchised Vance, Graham, and other respectable white men.

The Pasquotank tom-tit thought it eminently superfluous to put all this superfluity in the constitution.

Johnny McDonald, of Chatham, said he was against puttin anything in the constitution-ution disfranchisin enny body. 'Fore he would vote to disfranchise enny man, he'd suffer krusifixshun, or permit ary one of his arms to be severed from his corpus.

Sammy Watts, the Martin polywog, said that Mack had expressed his (Watt's) sentiments handsomely. He assured the Konvenshun in tones very endearing and accents most tender, that he preferred to exhibit a spirit of magnanimity rather than a spirit of passion.

Candler—Do you endorse the action of Congress in disfranchising this class of persons.

Sammy—The king can do no wrong.

Congleton, the hog thief, of Carteret, said when a man took the oath in the Howard Amendment, he swore to support the civil and political rights of all men.

The Tourgee thought that any man who was unfit to hold office was unfit to vote. [By the Tourgee's own proposition he has no right to the ballot.]

Mr. Nicholson—Should a man hold office if he cannot read and write?

The Tourgee—Most assuredly, if he's "loil."

Mr. Parker did not think that Congress required the Convention to disfranchise any person. He could not understand why men claiming to be white, should be so hard upon their own color, while the black delegates were in favor of everybody's voting.

He thought it would injure the Republican party, this going to extremes. Forty thousand voters had already left the party because of its proscriptive measures.

Hood then introduced his amendment and the previous question was put.

The ayes and noes were had upon Candler's substitute with the following result: Ayes 23, noes 65.

The question then recurred on the second section, which was adopted.

The report as a whole was adopted, ayes, 51; noes, 34.

On motion of Pool, tom-tit, further consideration of the report was made the special order for 7½ o'clock to-morrow evening.

On motion of Ready-Relief-Rodman, the report of the committee on Judicial Department was taken up and put upon its second reading.

The question recurred upon the motion to reconsider the vote by which the 29th section was passed, and the amendment "authorizing commissions to fill vacancies," to come in at the conclusion of the section, was adopted.

Section 30 was read and adopted by inserting "unless otherwise provided for" after the word "seven" in third line. Carried.

The section as amended was then adopted.

The report as a whole then passed its second reading by a vote of 64 to 12.

Ready Relief Rodman moved to take up the report from the Judiciary, pertaining to Justices of the Peace. Carried.

The report was then read, and the 1st section re-read, when

Candler, the Buncombe booby, moved to amend by making the term of office for Justices 4 years instead of 2; but the motion went under, and the section was adopted.

Section 2 was read, when the Tourgee moved to amend by substituting the word "may" for the word "shall," which appears in the 13th line. Rodman accepted the amendment and the section was adopted.

Sections 3, 4and 5 were adopted

The article as a whole then passed its first reading by a vote of 57 to 6.

On motion of Rodman, the report was made the special order for 10½ o'clock to-morrow.

Heaton, of Ohio, introduced an ordinance in regard to the authentication of ordinances. Lies over.

The curtain falls.

FORTY-NINTH DAY.

MORNING PERFORMANCE.

TUESDAY, March 10.

* * * * * *

Pool, Pasquotank tom-tit, presented a report from the Committee on Enrollment, declaring the several articles of tha Constitution substantially correct.

Accepted and adopted.

King, of Lenoir, submitted a report from the Committee on Contingent Expenses.

Accepted and adopted.

ORDINANCES.

Hayes, New England skunk, *via* Robeson county, from the committee on Internal Improvements, reported an ordinance to change the manner of the payment of the capital stock of the Western railroad. Accepted.

Also by the same, an ordinance to amend the charter of the Chatham railroad. Accepted.

On motion of Rich, of New York, the reports were made the special order for 10½ o'clock tomorrow.

Laflin, the Byron-ic "diligit," from "Noo Yorick," submitted a report from the committee on miscellaneous affairs, in favor of a Mechanic's Lien Law. Accepted.

The committee appointed to "harmonize" the Puritan and the Cavalier, [i. e., Captain Plato Durham, late C. S. A., and Praise-God-Bare-Bones-Buzzard's-Bay-Ashley,) submitted a report declaring that when the lion and the lamb shall lie down together, then, in all human probability, the Puritan and the Cavaleir would mingle, and not till then.

The report was accepted and the matter made the special order for to-night.

SPECIAL ORDER.

The report of the Judiciary Committee was taken up and put upon its 3rd reading.

The 1st section, abolishing the distinction between suits at law and in equity, was read, when

Pool, tom-tit, arose and objected on the ground that it restricted the jurisdiction of the county courts. He moved to strike out all down to the word "and" in the 6th line.

The Tourgee hoped that discussion on this question would not be revived. He thought that any further sparring in the premises, *pour passer le temps*, was (as Dogberry would say) "most tolerable and not to be endured."

P(h)ool, of Pasquotank, [half-brother to Doe-stick's *Dumphool,*] said he would be the last tom-tit in the menagerie to detain the "animiles" here, on matters of no import,' but on a grave, momentous question like this, he felt it his bounden duty to take a *high* stand [the tom-tit usually stands 4ft. 3½ inches on *terra firma,*] in opposition.

Gin'ral Abbott said the matter "having underwent" two discussions already he was opposed any further ventilation. He hoped the amendment would not prevail.

Rodman, Abbott's man Friday, said he did himself the honor to state that the Gin'ral's views coincided precisely with his.

After some further desultory skirmishing, the amendment was put and lost, only one—Capt. Durham—voting in the affirmative.

The section was then adopted.

Section 2 was read, amended and adopted.

Sec. 3 was read when the Tourgee moved to amend by striking out "General Assmbl" in 3d line, and inserting "Governor"—giving the latter the appointing power. Carried and the section adopted.

Sections 4, 5, 6 and 7 adopted.

Section 8 was read, and Rodman thereupon moved to strike out 2, and insert 4, and to allow the General Assembly to decrease the number.

Captain Durham opposed the amendment, as it was only one more attempt to create unnecessary offices for purely partisan purposes. Why not make it 3, and let the Legislature increase to 5 when necessary? The present number are not engaged half the time, why then increase it? They have created already a half dozen or more new offices to be supported by the people, and still the insatiate Radicals were not satisfied. In the present impoverished condition of the country, you come up here creating new and unheard of offices for the people to support, and all for party purposes.

The Supreme Court of North Carolina stands as high as any in the land, and has never failed to discharge its duty. You can't offer the excuse that it is to economise time, for the judges are willing to sit six months, if necessary. I am utterly opposed to allowing the Legislature to increase the number. If it be your aim to provide for the best interests of the State, why not let it stand as it is, and leave it with the Legislature to increase the number?

Sir, I pronounce it a partisan measure, conceived for the sole, special purpose of creating offices for the benefit of partisans, who are unable to live otherwise.

Cowles (who had vacated the chair) was opposed to creating these offices, or allowing the Legislature to do so—he did so because of economy. He was surprised to see an additional effort made to bring in these innovations after the bill has been considered twice before. Some remonstrance had been made because Mr. Pool had proposed an amendment. Delegates had said that to undertake a new change now was unjust, but still the same delegates now wished to make a still more serious change—one that was extravagant. Adopt the amendment and the Convention would be rightfully charged with extravagance. In the name of the tax-paying people of the State, and the name of economy, he was opposed to the amendment; hoped delegates would not load the good old Republican wagon down so it could not get over the mountains. The amendment was destined to make more berths for members of the bar.

Rodman was not surprised that the delegate from Cleaveland should charge that this measure, as he had all others, was a partizan measure,—Gentlemen had argued that it would take two Judges longer to get through with business than it did one.

The vote was taken on the amendment, after further remarks, and decided, ayes 49, noes 48. Section as amended was then adopted.

Section 9 and 10 were read, amended and adopted.

Sections 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 adopted.

Section 17 was read, and

Capt. Durham moved to amend as follows: "provided that white orphan children shall not be bound as apprentices to colored masters, and that no colored person shall be appointed guardian of a white ward."

Capt. Durham called for the ayes and noes, which were refused, and the amendment wa lost, and the section adopted.

Sections 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, and 36 were adopted.

The above comprises two reports submitted by the committee, constituting one article.

On motion of French, of Washington city, the vote on section 26 was reconsidered. He then moved to strike out in line 10, the word "three" and insert "four"—dividing the Judges of the Superior Courts into four classes instead of three.

The motion to amend was sustained and the section adopted.

The entire article was then adopted by a vote of 81 to 19.

Rich, of New York, by consent, an ordinance, which was referred.

The report of the Miscellaneous Committee, in regard to the section of the Constitution providing for a mechanics lien law, was then taken up and read.

On motion of Heaton, of Ohio, the report was re-committed to the committee, to be incorporated in their report which will form an article of the Constitution.

On motion of Laflin, of Noo Yorick, the entire report was ordered to be printed.

The Tourgee moved that those members who had contested seats be allowed pay from the time of the sitting of the Convention.

On motion of Harris, nigger, of Wake, the matter was referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

The report of the Committee on Penal Institutions was then put upon its third reading, and the 1st section adopted.

Section 2 was read, amended, and adopted.

Sections 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, adopted.

The entire article, as amended, was then adopted by a vote of 80 to 11.

Rich, of Noo Yorick, called up the ordinance relating to the intimidation of voters, which was read.

Rodman moved to strike out the words "by threats or otherwise."

A substitute was offered by Mr. George.

On motion of the Tourgee, the whole subject was referred to a committee of 3 to be considered on Thursday next.

Heaton, of Ohio, called up the ordinance incorporating the New Bern Turpentine Company.

On motion of the said Heaton, the bill was put upon its last reading and adopted by a vote of 67 to nothing.

Morton called up the resolution adjourning the Convention on the 16th. The rules were suspended, and Heaton moved to amend by fixing the time to 12 o'clock. Morton accepted.

Stilly moved to amend by saying 9 o'clock on Monday morning.

Harris, nigger, of Wake, moved to lay the matter over till to-morrow at 10½ o'clock, and instruct the committee on revision to report a that time what work was before it.

French, galvanized nigger, of Bladen, moved to lay on the table, which was lost.

The motion to postpone till 10½ to-morrow was then put and carried.

NEWS AND MISCELLANY.

The Washington correspondent of the Wilmington Journal has seen a letter from the Hon. Herschell V. Johnson, of Georgia, in which he takes a most gloomy view of our political affairs. Mr. Johnson says:—"We are on a down grade and the brakes are gone or disabled, and disaster seems inevitable" unless averted by the conservative masses of the North.

RADICALS DESERTING THE NEGROES.—There was held in Baltimore on Friday last a Radical State Convention to elect delegates to the Chicago National Convention, and to transact other business. A resolution was offered in favor of negro suffrage, and defeated by a vote of 65 to 13. Alas, poor Sambo! The Radicals advocate your right to the elective franchise only in those States in which it will pay.

The non-contents seceded, and held a Convention, with the notorious Judge Bond for a leader, in which body negroism carried the day.

This will furnish the Chicago Convention with a troublesome question for decision. Two sets of delegates will claim to represent Maryland. Will the negroes or the whites be admitted?—*Richmond Dispatch.*

There was a fair audience last night at Carroll Hall to hear Miss Belle Boyd in her dramatic readings. It was a pleasant entertainment. She reads with intelligence and taste, and her efforts on this occasion were received with favor by the refined audience.—*National Intelligencer.*

Bennett's Herald well says "that the Republican party is already crumbling to pieces, and that Johnson's acquittal would fall into the party camp like a bombshell, and blow it into atoms! The removal of Johnson will probably finish it; but his acquittal will do this thing at once. They are in the Rubicon, and, hit or miss, they must cross it. Their chances look blue on either side, but a retreat is certain destruction."

Gen. Grant has furnished the President with copies of the correspondence between the General-in-Chief and Gen. Hancock, relative to the removal of civil officers in New Orleans, and in which Gen. Hancock asks to be relieved from the command of the fifth district. Gen. Hancock also telegraphs to the President the hope that no representations of parties in New Orleans will prevent the Executive from relieving him, as his usefulness as commander of the fifth district has been impaired and his action paralyzed. No action has been taken in the matter by the President, but it is not improbable that the request to be relieved will be granted, and Gen. Hancock be placed in command of the Department of the Atlantic.

Aunt Nancy Farley, the oldest inhabitant of Lynchburg, Va., died last week, aged about 105 years. She was formerly a slave of President Jefferson and was at Monticello at the time of the visit of the British to that place, for the purpose of capturing him.

The Norfolk Journal learns from a friend, who has just returned from the sound region of this State, that there has never been so much activity in that country. There are sixteen thousand nets on the sound and tributaries.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Gazette says that the friends of the President are much less sanguine now than heretofore of his acquittal. Radical Senators are beginning to believe that a failure to convict is a death warrant of the party.

Judge R. R. Curtis, of Mass., and David Dudley Field, of New York, have certainly been retained as counsel for the President in the impeachment trial.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TO THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN.

For General Market Reports see Commercial Intelligence on Third Page.

OUR NOON DISPATCHES.

Fire and Loss of Life

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 10.

Dennis McCarthy's house was burned last night. Hannah Sullivan, aged 20 years, perished.

OUR MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

[SPECIAL TO THE NORTH CAROLINIAN.]

WHITE MAN'S RALLY.

Enthusiasm in Edgecombe.

TARBORO, March 10.

There was a large and enthusiastic White Man's Rally held here to-day, Kenneth Thigpen, Esq., presiding. Appropriate and patriotic resolutions were adopted.

The meeting was addressed by the Hons. Geo. Howard, Sion H. Rogers, Asa Biggs and Colonel Wm. A. Jenkins. Old Democratic Edgecombe is thoroughly aroused and ablaze with enthusiasm, and will do her whole duty in the approaching campaign.

The declination of Gov. Vance is generally regretted, but all feel that we are battling for principles and not for men.

The Superior Court is in session, Judge Buxton presiding. There are several capital cases on the docket.

SPERRY.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, March 10.

SENATE—The Senate passed a resolution admitting to the galleries by ticket during the trial.

The Consular Appropriation bill passed. Adjourned.

The House Reconstruction Committee has reported the following: Whereas the people of Alabama, in pursuance of the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2d, 1867, and the acts supplementary thereto, have framed a constitution of State government which is Republican in form; and whereas at an election held, commencing on the fourth of February, 1868, a large majority of the legal voters of said State, voting at said election, voted for the adoption of said Constitution—therefore, Be it enacted, that the said State of Alabama shall be recognized and admitted as one of the States of these United States of America, and shall be entitled to representation in Congress as soon as the Legislature of said State, the members of which were eleeted at the election mentioned in the preamble to this act, shall have ratified the amendment to the Constitution of the United States proposed by the 39th Congress and known as article 14th.

Section 2. *And be it further enacted,* That said State of Alabama shall be recognized and be admitted into the Union upon the following conditions, to-wit: that the right of suffrage of citizens of the United States shall never be denied or abridged in said State on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude, and Congress shall have pow er to repeal any act of said State Legislature in violation or in derogation of the provisions of this act.

Ordered to be printed and made the special order for to-morrow.

The bill replacing clothing destroyed to prevent contagion, was passed. It goes to the President.

The bill selling lands in South Carolina Islands passed. It confirms Lincoln's instructions to tax collectors in 1863. Persons who acquired claims under Sherman's order of 1865, must obtain warrants before May 1st, 1868. The land is to be sold in small lots, at nominal prices, to negro residents and heads of families.

The committee on Freedmen's Affairs, introduced a bill continuing the bureau one year and authorizing the Secretary of War to re-establish it where discontinued.

The bill repealing tax on manufactures was resumed. This involves $6,000,000 decrease in revenue and goes into effect April 1st. It exempts everything manufactured but spirits, oil, liquors, gas, certain kinds of wine, and tobacco. Passed by 122 to 2. Schenck stated that the committee ordered a continuance of §2 on whiskey.

A communication from Gen. Grant, relating to New Orleans removals, was referred to the Reconstruction Committee. Adjourned.

Judge Fisher decides Virginia out of the Union!

WASHINGTON, March 10.

Samuel Strong, arrested on the requisition of the Governor of Virginia, as a fugitive from justice, was brought before Judge Fisher on a writ of *habeas corpus.* After some discussion, Judge Fisher decided to release the prisoner on two grounds:

First, because Virginia is not a State in the Union; the President by proclamation, and more especially Congress by its legislation, having expressly refused to recognize Virginia and other Southern States as forming States in the Union; and that therefore the requisition of Gov. Pierpont cannot be recognized under the act of Congress providing for the rendition of fugitives from justice, as the act of the executive authority of a State of the United States. Second, That there is nothing in the requisition showing that Strong is actually a fugitive from justice.

Georgia Election.

ATLANTA, March 10.

The 20th of April has been set apart for the election of all civil and municipal officers in the State, as well as for the vote on the constitution. Ben. Hill spoke to-day to an audience of over 2000 persons. He bitterly opposed ratification and denounced the Convention. There was much enthusiasm.

To-night there is to be a great demonstration at the City Hall, at which it is reported that a Bullock and Farrow faction will unite on Bullock for Governor.

South Carolina Convention.

CHARLESTON, March 10.

The Convention is striving to close business, that it may adjourn by the end of the week.

A White Man's Rally.

WILMINGTON, Feb. 10.

There was an immense gathering of Conservatives this evening. A large number failed to obtain seats. The dress circle was crowded with ladies. The Hon. Hugh Waddell presided.—Speeches were made by Geo. V. Strong, Col. R. H. Cowan and Judge S. J. Person. This was the largest political assemblage held in Wilmington for many years.

The New Hampshire Election

WASHINGTON, March 10.

The news is unfavorable to the Democrats.

CONCORD, March 10.

Returns received strongly indicate the election of Harriman by an increased majority.

CONCORD, March 10—P. M.

Twenty seven towns give Harriman 6,680; Sinclair 6,487. Democratic gain 124.

Washington Items.

WASHINGTON, March 10.

Dispatches from Concord from Radical and Democratic sources, indicate that the Radicals have carried the State by about 3,000. No figures yet.

There was a full Cabinet meeting to-day Gen. Thomas was present as Secretary of War.

The President has ordered Gen. Grant to send him no more communications through Stanton.

Revenue to-day $229,000.

The Revenue Agent at Huntsville, Ala., writes to the Department that there are fifty illicit distilleries in that district.

Louisiana Convention.

NEW ORLEANS, March 10.

The Convention yesterday adopted a resolution that a copy of the Constitution be sent to President Johnson, the Generals of the Army and each member of Congress.

A committee of three was appointed to wait on Gen. Hancock and inform him that the constitution was ready to be submitted to the people.

The General expresses some doubt whether, under the Reconstruction law, the election for officers can be held at the same time that the ratification or rejection of the constitution is determined, but will telegraph to Washington for instructions and unless otherwise instructed would issue an order for an election on the constitution.

The motion for adjournment adopted, provides if the constitution be ratified the convention stands adjourned sine die.

The press of the State strongly deprecates the prospective departure of Gen. Hancock.

Georgia Politics.

AUGUSTA, March 10.

The Central Executive Democratic Committee meets at Macon Thursday, for the purpose of organizing an active campaign against the adoption of the Reconstruction Constitution.

News per Cable.

PARIS, March 10.

It is reported that the Emperor will visit the Czar in June.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

To my Fellow-Citizens of Wake County.

Grateful for the compliment extended to me by the meeting of my fellow-citizens on the 5th inst., in naming me as their candidate for Sheriff, I am nevertheless compelled to decline an acceptance of the nomination.

Circumstances arising since that meeting, unforeseen by myself, necessarily oblige me to do this. Thanking you again for your confidence, I assure you that there is nothing in my power I will not at all times do, to promote your true interest and prosperity.

RUFUS K. FERRELL.

March 11th, 1868-1t*

To the Voters in Wake County.

RUFUS K. FERRELL, Esq., the nominee of the meeting held here on the 5th inst., having declined to canvass, and being solicited by many voters from all sections of the county, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of sheriff.

Born in your midst, known to most of you, and believing that I can perform the duties of the office satisfactorily to every one, I shall do my best to beat the Radical nominee, and am persuaded by many of both parties that I shall succeed.

DAVID LEWIS.

March 11, 1868.—1*.

WE are requested to announce that by the request of many friends JOHN A. McDONALD, of Chatham, has consented to become a Candidate to represent this, the Fourth District, in the Congress of the United States.

Feb, 28, 1868. 426-1 &w td.

NEW WHOLESALE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.

We have just received, direct from the manufacturers, a large and varied stock of Boots, Shoes, Leather, Trunks, &c., which we offer to the trade on reasonable terms.

☞ Orders solicited and satisfaction guaranteed. WHITEHEAD, TURNER & CO.,
No. 42 Iron Front,
West Side Market Square.
Norfolk, Va.—mar 7, 1md&w.

NOTICE! NOTICE! NOTICE!

The Wholesale Boot and Shoe Business of W. H. TURNER & CO, will hereafter be conducted under the firm and style of

BOTTIMORE, MARROW & CO.

W. H. TURNER & CO.

In making the above statement, we take this occasion to inform our customers and the trade generally that, since our removal to our

LARGE and COMMODIOUS WAREHOUSE,

ATLANTIC BLOCK, MAIN STREET,

we have greatly increased facilities and are fully prepared to conduct the WHOLESALE

BOOT, SHOE AND LEATHER BUSINESS,

on a much larger scale than heretofore.

We shall always keep on hand a large and selected stock of all kinds of desirable and seasonable goods in our line, which we guarantee to furnish at the

LOWEST NORTHERN WHOLESALE PRICES.

BOTTIMORE, MARROW & CO.,
Atlantic Block, Main street.
Norfolk, Va., March 8th, 1868. d-1m.

C. SCHWARZKOPF,

Importer and Dealer in German, French, English and Domestic Fancy Goods, No. 55 Main Street, Norfolk, Va. Combs, Brushes, Fans, Jewelry, Perfumery and Toys. Zephyr Worsted, Trimmings, Gimps, Fringes, Buttons, Hosiery, &c., &c.

Piano Fortes, of the best manufactories, always on hand.

to Aug 24.

McILWAINE & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Wholesale Dealers and Jobbers of Dry Goods, Notions and Ready-made Clothing, No. 79 and 83, Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.

Agents for Bradley's Super-Phosphate of Lime, Dealers in No. 1 Peruvian Guano and other Fertilizers.

R. D. McILWAINE, FRANK POTTS, S. S. BRIDGERS.
to Feb 27

P. F. PESCUD,

DRUGGIST AND INSURANCE AGENT,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Keeps constantly for sale a complete stock of such articles as are usually found in a First-class Drug Store. Also, Garden and Field Seeds of quality and prices of which secure general satisfaction to the most particular and the closest buyers.

He represents

TEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES,

the combined capital and assets of which amount to $6,000,00, and

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

whose assets exceed $17,000,000, at 9 per cent. interest.

The interest has exceeded losses for the past 12 years, and there has been a return of 50 per cent. premium money to Policy Holders for 5 years past. This is more than any other company in the United States can say.

Please call and see me at

MY OLD STAND,

where I may be found, ready and willing to serve the public.

P. F. PESCUD.

Raleigh, Feb. 1-3m.

BRANSON & JONES,

Successors to Branson, Farrar & Co., continue the Book Business at the same stand, over Turner's Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of Books and Stationery, at reduced prices.

☞ Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

☞ Particular attention paid to orders.

BRANSON & JONES,
Raleigh, N. C.
L. BRANSON, Agent J. A. JONES.
N. C. Business Directory. Jan30-tf

EXCELSIOR!

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY Exhibits Assets to the 1st January 1868

$8,000,000.

While the Annual Income for the year closed reachen $5,000,000, and 16,000 New Policies Issued.

THE ÆTNA was Chartered in 1819 and is an Old and Reliable Institution, and has no superior.

Losses Paid in the last Forty-seven years amount $17,485,894 71.

This Company pays losses promptly. Has no restriction to travelling or residing in any part of the United States. Is paying an

ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF 50 PER CENT.

to her members. No other Company has lower rates, or gives any "peculiar advantages" in reality.

Office of the Agency, over the store of Messrs. W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co. Those contemplating Insurance will find it to their interest to call on the subscriber.

DR. W. H. MCKEE, W. H. CROW, Gen'l Agt.
Examining Physician, Raleigh, N. C.
Jan30-1m.

ASSETS, $17,000,000 00.

With an income over

$6,500,000 00

Surplus assets, deducting liabilities, over

$4,000,000 00.

The CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Hartford, Connecticut, was organized in 1846, and now has over

55,000 POLICIES,

in force, being a larger number than any other Company in the world.

Its Net Assets are larger than any other Company

Dividends have averaged over 50 per cent, and a credit of one half the premium is given, which, in case of death is cancelled by anticipated dividends.

The interest received, during the past ten years, has more than paid its losses.

ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITABLE BY THEIR TERMS,

and no extra charge made, except only where the risk is extra hazardous.

No Notes are required after the fourth year. Dividends paying half the premium to the realter.

No Deduction of Notes—No Assessment.

Assurance can be effected in all the forms desired.

SAM'L. DOUGLAS WAIT,
General Agent N. C.,
Raleigh.
Jan. 30-tf.

NOAH WALKER & CO.,

Clothiers, have removed to their new store in the Atlantic Block, Main street, Norfolk, Va. to April 17.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES WANTED!

Call at W. H. Jones & Co.'s Store before you sell. Highest cash prices paid by

J. B. HUNTER,
of the firm of
J. B. HUNTER & CO.,
Mar5-d1w. Portsmouth, Va.

A WHITE MAN'S PAPER!

THE PLAINDEALER,

Published weekly at Wilson, N. C.

C. S. McDANIEL, Editor.

One year, ... $2 00
Six months, ... $1 00
Three months, ... 50

PLATFORM:—*Freedom of Conscience—Free Trade—Free Press—Freedom of White Men.* "Sink or swim, live or die, survive or perish," these are our principles; and in their maintainance we ask the aid of true WHITE men every where.

THE PLAINDEALER is a live independent Southern paper, and, as such, it will always, under any and all circumstances whatever, seek to promote the prosperity of North Carolina from a Southern stand-point.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Landholders who wish to sell Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots or Real Estate of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale. We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JOHN B. GRETTER, General Agent
to Nov 20 Greensboro', N. C.

BRANCH & HERBERT,

Grocers and Commission Merchants (Store formerly occupied by Hill, Warren & Co.) No. 123, Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va., will give their personal attention to the sale of Cotton, Tobacco and all other Produce entrusted to their care, and prompt returns made. Constantly on hand a good supply of Bagging, Rope and Fertilizers. We are prepared to fill orders for the celebrated Arrow Tie for Bailing Cotton.

MILES B. BRANCH, late of Branch, Rives & Co.
J. H. HERBERT, late of Halifax County, N. C.
to Mar 14

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

WAKE COUNTY.

Court of Pleas & Quarter Sessions, Feb'y Term, 1868.

M. B. Royster vs. T. H. Snow.—Attachment.

In this cause, it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant is a non-resident, *it is ordered* that advertisement be made in the North Carolinian for six weeks, for said defendant to appear and plead, or judgment will be entered according to law. J. J. FERRELL, C. C. C.

Feb. 28, 1868.—oaw6w.

The North Carolinian.

Raleigh, Wednesday, March 11, 1868.

☞ The North Carolinian is published every morning in the building North-East corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Streets—up stairs.

☞ Entrance under the sign of NICHOLS, GORMAN & NEATHERY, Book and Job Printers.

STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The members of the State Conservative Executive Committee are hereby notified and requested to meet in the City of Raleigh, on Saturday next, the 14th instant, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor. A full attendance is most earnestly invoked.

The members of the Congressional and Judicial District Committees are invited and urged to be present.

By order: R. C. BADGER,
Secretary of the Committee.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

We are requested to announce that the Conservative Canvassers for the county of Wake will address their fellow-citizens at the following times and places:

Jacob Sorrell's, Friday, March 13.
Banks', Saturday, " 14.
Franklin's, Saturday, " 21.

Fourth Congressional District.

The delegates to the Conservative District Convention for the Fourth District, composed of the counties of Wake, Johnston, Chatham, Orange, Franklin, Granville, Warren and Nash, are respectfully requested to meet in convention, at Henderson, Granville county, on Thursday, the 19th inst., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress and to appoint delegates to the National Democratic Convention. Full and prompt attendance is earnestly requested.

W. J. GREEN,
H. G. WILLIAMS,
T. D. SNEAD,
District Committee.

March 9th, 1868.

CITY AND STATE.

Our local editor and reporter—in the refined parlance of the representatives of the party of great moral ideas at the Capitol—has "knocked under"—not to the Radicals, however, but to the Job-like affliction of boils, and is utterly incapacitated for work. The brevity of our reports of the performances of the Menagerie, in to-day's issue, and any lack of interest in our local columns, therefore, must be attributed to this fact.

Thanks.

The Editor of the North Carolinian returns his sincere thanks to Col. John T. Deweese, Radical candidate for Congress from this, the Metropolitan District, for the present of a most elegant hat, through the Messrs. Tucker of this City. His outfit is now in such a condition as to allow him to attend the District Congressional Convention, which assembles in Henderson on the 19th inst. to nominate Col. Deweese's competitor.

Declines.

It will be seen by his card in this morning's issue, that Mr. Rufus K. Ferrell has declined the candidacy for the Sheriffalty of this county, tendered him by the White Man's Party. We are assured, however, that his efforts and influence will be given to our men and measures.

Mr. David Lewis proclaims himself a candidate in place of Mr. F. and we direct attention to the card published elsewhere, announcing the fact. The new man will doubtless be acceptable to the party with which he acts and Mister Timothy Tug-mutton Lee may yet find that the "Jordan" of politics "is a hard road to travel" with no beacon light except cuffee's ivory masticators. Up, Davy, and at him!

Barbecue at Holly Springs!

We are requested to announce that the Conservative Canvassers for the county of Wake will address the citizens of Holly Springs District on Wednesday, the 18th instant. Arrangements have been made for a large barbecue, and we sincerely trust that every man in that and the adjoining districts, having an interest in the future political and social condition of the people of North Carolina, will be present on that occasion.

The People Moving.

A special dispatch to the Carolinian, under the telegraphic head, makes brief mention of a large and enthusiastic rally of the White Man's Party at Tarboro. Not only did the people of Edgecombe turn out in force, but a liberal representation from other counties added to the enthusiasm. The same spirit and high resolve are animating our friends in every section of the good Old North State. From private letters and public meetings we learn enough to convince us that the defeat of Radicalism is a "fixed fact," if we half do our duty. Action! action!!—work! work!!—are words we must remember and enforce in practice until the Vandals are crushed.

By reference to the telegraphic reports, it will also be seen that the Conservatives of Wilmington have had a grand rally, it being one of the largest political assemblages held there for many years. Stirring addresses were made, and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed.

White Man's Rally in Duplin.

The Wilmington Journal learns that the White Man's Rally in Duplin, on Saturday, was a grand success. Between one thousand and fifteen hundred persons were present, coming from the counties of Duplin, Sampson and Onslow.

Cols. R. H. Cowan and Wm. J. Devane, of Wilmington, and Geo. V. Strong, Esq., of Goldsboro, addressed the assemblage in earnest, eloquent and forcible speeches, calculated to do much good for the great cause.

Mr. John Taggert ,Jr., of Mecklenburg, was robbed on a public road in that county on Wednesday night last. He was knocked down by a negro and had his pockets rifled—he knew the negro, and hopes are entertained that the robber will be arrested and punished.

The Western Democrat says that Sergeant Bates will be through Charlotte in a few days, and advises that he be kindly treated. We believe that Raleigh is also in his route, and we give the same advice as that given by the Democrat—let him be kindly treated, and then quietly permitted to pass on.

Apology.

Desiring that there should be no disappointment in bringing out "The Holden Record," I am compelled to ask the readers of the Daily Register to bear with us in a day or two's suspension. The Holden Record will make its appearance on the 12th inst., and our daily subscribers will be furnished with it.

March 10, 1868 H. H. HELPER.

Goldsboro Daily Rough Notes.

We have received the first number of the above paper, published by Julius A. Bonitz, who is its business manager. The name of the editor does not appear. We judge, however, that he is not quite a "'prentice hand" at editorial work.

The Rough Notes is a democratic daily and, of course, favors the supremacy of the white race. Success to it, say we, with all heartiness.

New York University.

Among the graduates of the Medical Department of the New York University, we find the following from North Carolina: Wm. Abernethy, D. R. Ambrose, W. J. H. Bellamy, Edward Clark, T. W. Harris, A. G. Jones, Wm. A. Lash, Alex. Montague, Thos. J. Moore, Jno. W. Sanders, K. R. Taylor and T. B. Twitty. Among the prizes awarded were the Budd Prize to Thos. J. Moore, and the Roosa Prize to W. J. H. Bellamy.

Dr. P. E. Hines, of Craven, has in use, upon his place, two of Mitchell, Allen & Co.'s sulky plows. With these, four horses and two men, he is putting in oats at the rate of twenty acres a day.

We trust that the day is not far distant when the people of North Carolina will realize the great advantages of using improved implements in their agricultural work, and adopt them.

Anthony Howe, negro, presented a petition to several of the white men of Wilmington on Monday last, asking aid in defraying the expenses incident to a visit from Mr. Holden for the purpose of addressing the negroes of that city. It is needless to add that his supply of stamps was not largely increased by subscriptions from that quarter.

Col. E. D. Hall, white man's candidate for Lieutenant Governor, has returned to Wilmington from Onslow. He represents our prospects in that section as most flattering. He has appointments to address the people of Jones and Lenoir at an early day,

From the Wilmington Journal.

Conservative Meeting in Robeson County.

According to previous notice, the "Conservatives" of Robeson met in Lumberton on the 6th inst. The meeting was organized by the selection of Daniel McNeill, Chairman, and Dr. W. A. Dick and W. Foster French, Secretaries.

On motion of Giles Leitch, Esq., the following gentlemen were appointed a committee to draft resolutions, viz: James A. Rozier, Allen Walters, Alex. Humphrey, James Blount and Stephen D. Collins. After retiring a few moments the committee returned and reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted, viz:

Resolved 1st, That we endorse the proceedings of the late Conservative convention in Raleigh, not only as to its plan of organization, but also the great fundamental principles there declared.

Resolved 2d, That the nomination of Zebulon B. Vance and Col. Hall is highly gratifying to us, (couldn't be better pleased) and that we will go it for them with a perfect "*rein*;" and preferring, as we do, Judges who spell January in the old fashioned way with a J, we will support the present incumbents of the office of Judge, together with those who have been nominated by the Conservative party in preference to "Yankee Squatters" and North Carolina Radical bought *babes* in the law.

Resolved 3d, That we prefer a "live Yankee" to a Southern traitor, and having no sort of use for either, we will not support for office a New England "*carpet-sacker*" or a Southern hybrid or *speckled political hermaphrodite*.

Resolved 4th, That we will unite with our sister counties in restoring North Carolina to her proud position which she occupied when her own sons governed the affairs of State in their own way.

Resolved 5th, That we extend an invitation to Gov. Vance to address the people of Robeson on the 25th inst., as a matter of courtesy to W. W. Holden, who proposes to address his party here at that time.

The committee also reported the names of the following as the Executive Committee for each district of the county, viz:

Lumberton—W. Foster French, Jesse Phillips.
Howell's—W. J. Regon, Jno. C. Kinlaw.
St. Paul's—Neill McNeill, Daniel McMillan.
Lumber Bridge—Roderick McMillan, D. A. Malloy.
McEachern's—Dr. A. Bethune, J. D. McLean.
Smith's—P. P. Smith, R. Lilly.
Humphrey's—H. H. Ellis, A. D. Brown.
Alford's—John W. Alford, M. A. McLean.
Thompson's—John S. McArthur, John Hammond.
White House—W. J. Oliver, Colin Williams.
Sterling's—Emcoin Atkinson, W. S. Floyd.
Britt's—D. F. Edmund, John Collins.
Back Swamp—D. C. McIntyre, Neill Townsend.
Burnt Islands—Uriah Pitman, John Warwick.

On motion of Col. John A. Rowland, the following were appointed delegates to the District Convention, viz: John A. Rowland, Thomas A. Norment, N. A. McLean, Thomas J. Morisey, Rory McNair, John W. Smith, Alex. Gunn, Jas. A. Rozier, John H. McEachern, John Leach, P. P. Smith, Jno. W. Alford, Jno. S. McArthur, G. H. Floyd, James A. Lawson, S. D. Collins, Wellington Wishart, H. B. Howell, Alex. Humphrey, and the following delegates to the District Judicial Convention, viz: Giles Leitch, Esq., Alfred Rowland, W. F. French, W. S. Norment, Jas. T. Petteway, Calvin Black, Reuben King, Murphy C. McNair, I. P. Smith, John T. Pope.

After having the pleasure of listening to sound, eloquent, and instructive addresses from Thomas A. Norment, Esq., Col. N. A. McLean, W. S. Chaffin, and Giles Leith, Esq., the meeting adjourned to re-assemble on the 21st instant, for the purpose of nominating candidates to fill the different county offices.

DANIEL MCNEILL, *Chairman.*
W. A. Dick, W. Foster French, } *Secretaries.*

From the Journal.

Mr. French, of Bladen (!)

Messrs. Editors:—I chanced on yesterday, to see the Raleigh Standard of the 26th ultimo, in which is reported a most villainous speech of Mr. French, of Bladen! There is not, never has been, and, I trust, for the character of that good old county, never will be, a son of hers so lost to every sentiment of manly virtue and decency, as to spew out of his mouth such unchristian and altogether abominable words as those contained in that *speech (!)* Bladen has no such man to represent her. One of that name, a negro-loving Jack-Ketch, recently enfranchised from the folds of a Cape Cod Yankee Sutler's tent, is the delegate and *representative of his class* from the county of Bladen to the Constitutional Convention, so-called, but *only of his class.*

Of that class he is a very fit representative—fit for that and nothing more. How much in him, the courageous Sutler, (as was) are we reminded of the fable of the ass in the lion's skin. Not having the pluck to face the fiery front of our boys in gray, in the days when to do so was dangerous, this jack-ass now puts on a lion's robe and would frighten us by his roaring. Let him bray; but take care Mr. Sutler, that your own neck does not come to the halter sooner than is good for thee, thou Haman! VINDEX.

The Rev. J. H. Dally delivered an address before the Mt. Olivet Council, Wilmington, on Monday evening. The address was most favorably received by a large and appreciative audience.

From the report of the President of the Council, it appears that 106 persons have been admitted as members since the date of its organization. Of this number four have been expelled, three have withdrawn and one has died.

The White Man's Ticket!

For Lieutenant Governor:
EDWARD D. HALL.
of New Hanover.

For Attorney General:
SION H. ROGERS,
of Wake.

For Superintendent of Public Works:
GEN. SAM'L. F. PATTERSON,
of Caldwell.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction:
REV. B. CRAVEN,
of Randolph.

For Secretary of State:
ROBERT W. BEST,
of Greene.

For Auditor of Accounts:
S. W. BURGIN,
of Buncombe.

For Public Treasurer:
KEMP P. BATTLE,
of Wake.

For Chief Justice of North Carolina:
RICHMOND M. PEARSON.

For Associate Justices of the Supreme Court:
WILL. H. BATTLE, of Orange,
EDWIN G. READE, of Person,
(and if the number be increased to five,)
MATT. E. MANLY, of Craven,
A. S. MERRIMON, of Buncombe.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District:
DAVID A. BARNES,
of Northampton.

Second District:
E. J. WARREN,
of Beaufort.

Third District:
GEORGE V. STRONG,
of Wayne.

Fourth District:
WILLIAM S. DEVANE,
of New Hanover.

Fifth District:
RALPH P. BUXTON,
of Cumberland.

Sixth District:
ROBT. B. GILLIAM,
of Granville.

Seventh District:
THOMAS RUFFIN, JR.,
of Alamance.

Eighth District:
FRANCIS E. SHOBER,
of Rowan.

Ninth District;
WILLIAM M. SHIPP,
of Lincoln.

Tenth District:
ANDERSON MITCHELL,
of Iredell.

Eleventh District:
JOHN L. BAILEY,
of Buncombe.

Twelfth District:
ALLEN T. DAVIDSON,
of Macon.

NOMINATIONS FOR WAKE COUNTY.

For the Senate:
MOSES A. BLEDSOE.

For the House of Commons:
COL. JNO. P. H. RUSS.
REUBEN FLEMING.
JESSE A. NORRISS.
J. J. OVERBY.

For Sheriff:
DAVID LEWIS.

For Superior Court Clerk:
QUENTIN BUSBEE.

For County Court Clerk:
J. J. FERRELL.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
WAKE COUNTY.

Court of Please & Quarter Sessions Feb'y Term, 1868.

John A. Moore *vs.* James V. Moore, Attachment.

In this cause, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant is a non-resident, *it is ordered* that advertisement be made in the North Carolinian, a newspaper published in Raleigh, for six weeks, for said defendant to appear and plead, or judgment will be entered according to law. J. J. FERRELL, C. C. C.

feb 28-oaw6w.

PIANO TUNING!

The agent of the firm of Wm. Knabe & Co., Baltimore, is now in town, and will be pleased to attend to any business in his line.

All should avail themselves of this rare and reliable opportunity. Orders may be left with Prof. Hanson, at the Post Office, or at the Exchange Hotel. F. W. WALTER.

Raleigh, Feb. 27, 1868. 25—d3tpd.

Mineral Resources of the Pacific Slope.

The Secretary of the Treasury has transmitted to Congress the report of J. Ross Browne on the mineral resources of the States and Territories west of the Rocky Mountains. Mr. Browne estimates the yield of the different States and Territories for 1867 as follows:

California, $25,000,000; Nevada, $20,000,000; Montana, $12,000,000; Idaho, $6,500,000; Washington, $1,000,000; Oregon, $2,000,000; Colorado, $2,500,000; New Mexico, $500,000; Arizona, $500,000; miscellaneous, $5,000,000; total, $75,000,000. The entire product of the precious metals from 1848 to January 1st, 1868, is estimated as follows: California, $900,000,000; Montana, $65,000,000; Idaho, $45,000,000; Washington, 10,000,000; Oregon, $20,000,000; Colorado, $25,000,000; New Mexico and Arizona, $5,000,000; miscellaneous, $45,000,000; retained for plate jewelry, &c., 50,000,000; total, $1,165,000,000. Placer mining is on the decline. Vein and quartz mining is progressing favorably. There is a general decline in the bullion product. The population actually engaged in mining has greatly diminished in the past few years, and does not now exceed 50,000. Agriculture, manufactures and commerce are assuming the preponderance over the mining interest. The area of land suitable for cultivation is much larger than was originally supposed. Important results are anticipated from the completion of the Pacific railroad. The miscellaneous minerals of the Pacific slope are elaborately described. Copper mining is in a depressed condition, also quicksilver.

COMMERCIAL.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 10—Noon.

Cotton quiet and unchanged. Sales of 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs dull.

LIVERPOOL, March 10—Afternoon.

Cotton quiet and steady.

NEW YORK, March 10.

Sterling 9¼. Gold 40. Flour dull and unchanged. Mess pork $24¼24¼. Spts. turpentine dull and easier at 72¼73. Rosin, common $3.30; strained $3.35a3.40. Cotton quiet and drooping; 25a25¼.

BALTIMORE, March 10.

Flour firm and active; superfine 9.50a11; extra 11a12. Cotton steady at 25c. Provisions unchanged.

NEW YORK, March 10.

Cotton less active and a shade lower. Prices closed steady under favorable Liverpool advices. Sales of 2100 bales at 25a25¼. Flour unchanged. Mess pork $24¼. Lard dull at 14¼a16c. Groceries quiet. Spts. Turpentine 73¼a74. North Carolina bonds, 6's, 65¼. Gold 39¼. Sterling 9¼.

WILMINGTON, March 10.

Spirits turpentine nominal at 67. Rosin, lower grades in good demand; strained No. 2, $2.40; No. 1, $3.50. Cotton, middling 23¼. Tar steady, $2.30.

LIVERPOOL, March 10.

Cotton firm; Uplands 10¼a10¼. Manchester advices firmer.

RALEIGH MARKET.

Reported by
Douglas Bell, Grocer & Com. Merchant,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

Apples	6 50@ 8 00
Bacon, Country	16@21
" Baltimore	15@17
Beef on Hoof	10@15
" Nett	10@20
Butter	30@50
Cotton	19@20
Corn	$1 30@135
Coffee	24@50
Eggs	20@25
Flour	12@18
Fodder	1 25@1 50
Guano	$100@$110 per ton
Herrings	$6@$9
Hides—Green	8c per lb
" Dry	12½@15
Hay	75@$1 00
Lard	18@20
Meal	1 35@1 50
Molasses	55@$1 00
Mullets, per barrel,	8 00@00 00
Nails	7½@10
Onions,	8 50@10 50
Potatoes—Irish	6 50@ 7 00
" Sweet,	75@1 00
Peas	1 50@1 75
Rags	4½@5
Salt	3 00@4 25
Sugar	12 @19½
Tea	$2 00@$2 25
Tallow	10@12½
Vinegar	40@75
Whiskey	2 25@$5 00

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

(Composed of the Counties of Edgecombe, Wilson, Wayne, Duplin, Onslow, Jones, Lenoir, Carteret, Craven, Greene and Pitt.)

MASS MEETING OF THE CONSERVATIVE PEOPLE AND NOMINATING CONVENTION FOR CONGRESS, AT GOLDSBORO, N. C., ON FRIDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF MARCH, 1868.

There will be a Convention of those Delegates chosen by the counties above named to represent them in the Conservative Convention, which assembled at Raleigh, on the 5th of February, (and such additional number of delegates as those counties may appoint,) at Goldsboro on Friday, 20th of March, 1868, to nominate a candidate for Congress and appoint delegates to the National Democratic Convention.

The Executive Committees in the counties are earnestly requested to cause to be enrolled all qualified voters favorable to the Conservative cause, and to use every legitimate and honorable means to reject the Constitution which will be submitted to the people at an early day, and maintain the supremacy of the white race. *In this crisis North Carolina expects every man to do his duty.*

State Exec. Com., 2nd District. } HENRY R. BRYAN, Ch'n. GEORGE V. STRONG. THOS. S. KENAN.

W. R. HUDGINS,

Importer and Dealer in English, German and American Hardware, Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Nails, Spikes, Bellows, Anvils, Vises, House-Furnishing and Builders' Hardware.

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Also for the best Edge Tool Factory in the country.

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to Aug. 21

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CORNER HIGH AND WATER STREETS,
PORTSMOUTH, VA.

Consignments solicited. feb 11-3m.

PROSPECTUS.

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A DAILY,

Democratic Newspaper,

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RALEIGH, N. C.

W. A. HEARNE, JOHN W. DUNHAM,

EDITORS.

The NORTH CAROLINIAN is Democratic in its principles. It is unalterably opposed to Negro Suffrage, Military rule, and Reconstruction upon the basis of Congressional enactment.

Its Editors believe and teach that this is a

WHITE MAN'S GOVERNMENT,

FRAMED BY THE BRAINS, AND

WON BY THE BLOOD OF WHITE MEN,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF WHITE MEN,

AND THAT IT SHOULD BE

CONTROLLED BY WHITE MEN ONLY.

As there is but ONE NATIONAL ORGANIZATION professing these sentiments and committed to their maintenance, the NORTH CAROLINIAN will steadily advocate the abandonment of all other party names and organizations, and yield a hearty co-operation with that organization—the

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN,

Will contain the freshest News, by telegraph and otherwise. Full reports of all Legislative Assemblies will be furnished its readers.

Particular attention will be paid to State news, and each number will contain a complete epitome of every incident reported in the State press.

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such as

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Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and reliable Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public. A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. STITH, M. D.,
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.,
R. G. BARHAM, M. D.,
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. RING, M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.
January 11th, 1868.

ROSADALIS WILL CURE THE WORST CASES OF SCROFULA. READ THE STATEMENT BELOW, AND DESPAIR NOT.

WILSON COUNTY, Sept. 10, 1867.

DR. J. J. LAWRENCE:

Dear Sir—My youngest daughter, aged five years, has been dreadfully afflicted with Scrofula nearly all her life. I tried a great many Physicians, but without relieving her much; in fact, most of them said there was no hope of cure.—During the last Spring she was worse than ever, her body and limbs being covered with sores and blotches—with face and eyes badly ulcerated and swollen. Whilst in this condition, I was advised by Dr. L. A. Stith to try your Rosadalis. I at once procured three bottles, and commenced giving it to her. *The effect was magical. In less than a month*, to my great astonishment, *she was entirely well.*

I am, sir,
Yours, with respect and gratitude,
W. W. BURNETT.

ROSADALIS CURES ALL SKIN DISEASES.

WILSON, N. C., Sept. 15, 1867.

DR. LAWRENCE—Dear Sir:—In 1862 my son, now aged five years, was vaccinated with what proved to be impure matter, which completely destroyed his health. He has been afflicted with an inveterate and extremely troublesome *Eruption of the Skin*, sometimes breaking out in sores, &c. Rosadalis was prescribed by my family physician—Dr. A. D. Moore. After taking it a few weeks, my son became and remains *entirely well.* Yours truly,
J. B. DANIEL.

CHRONIC LIVER COMPLAINT CURED.

This is to certify that I was *cured of Chronic Liver Complaint* by Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis, after having been confined to my bed and house for a long time, and trying various medicines without benefit.

I know of several others in this County, *cured* through the use of the Rosadalis, and it can be found in nearly every house in my neighborhood, and they all praise it as a great medicine.

THOMAS THORN.
Greene county, August 14, 1867.

ROSADALIS IS A POTENT REMEDY IN ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.

From G. W. Blount, Esq., Attorney at Law, Wilson, N. C.

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JAMES WILLS.
Wilson, N. C., May 6, 1867.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

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ROBT. B. ROOSEVELT, } Associate Eds
JOHN R. WALKER }
WM. L. ALDEN, Assistant Editor.

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January 30tf

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The North British Review, Free Church.

AND

Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, Tory.

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--oct 30.

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Refer to Ex Gov. H. T. Clark, Tarboro', N. C. J. J. B. Pender, Esq., Tarboro', N. C.; Dr. Thos D. Hogg, Raleigh, N. C..... to may 29.

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WHEELER & WILSON'S LOCK STITCH FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.

Over 300,000 Sold. Are adapted to all kinds of Family Sewing, Army Clothing, and to the use of Seamstresses, Dress Makers, Tailors, Manufacturers of Shirts, Collars, Skirts, Cloaks, Mantillas, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Corsets, Ladies' Boots and Shoes, Linen and Cotton goods, with silk, cotton linen thread. They will seam, quilt, gather, hem, fell, cord, braid, bind and perform every species of sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the articles sewed. Sold at Manufacturer's Prices.

W. MERRELL, Agent,
214 W. Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md.
to sep7w.

40 YEARS.

Deems' Southern Hepatic Pills, are made and sold by the discoverer, that old and well-tried remedy for all diseases caused by *DISEASED LIVER*, which is attended with all the symptoms of Consumptions. In 1825 the Discoverer was reduced to a mere skeleton, and was pronounced by three of the most skillful physicians of one of our largest cities, to be in an advanced stage of Consumption, and beyond cure. He then began to try experiments on himself, and after many efforts discovered (by the help of an Indian) the remedy which wrought in him a perfect cure. He is now in the 78th year of his age, and at this advanced stage of l fe retains an excellent constitution. In 32 years itinerating in the ministry, he has seen more than a thousand persons, who were given up to die of Consumption as beyond cure, dragging out a miserable existence, not knowing what ailed them, they were cured by these Hepatic Pills, and afterwards enjoyed the most perfect health.

There is in these Pills a peculiar combination with an article which has probably never before been used as a medicine. They are highly strengthening, and mild in their action on the bowels. In the preparation of these very superior and excellent Pills, no cost or trouble is spared to insure the greatest possible degree of perfection, in point of utility, excellence and comfort; the advantage in these Pills, therefore, is that a cure must be radical and complete, without the necessity of incorporating such drugs into our Pills as to break down the system in one part to remove the disease in another, and leave the patient to groan under worse diseases than heretofore. Where these Pills are known, especially in the Southern States, where they have been used so extensively, they need no recommendation, their merits are so well known by their results, which has given them a reputation that has brought them into great demand. They are therefore destined to be, at no distant day, the only remedy recognized and used by the people where billious diseases are so prevalent.

They can be sent to any point in the United States by mail or express.

Price:—25 cents per box, $2 50 per doz. By the gross, $18. The cash must either accompany the order for the Medicine, or it will be sent C. O. D. Address

G. W. DEEMS,
tf 28 Calhoun street, Baltimore, Md.

POOLE & HUNT,

Baltimore, Md., Manufacturers of Portable and Stationary Steam Engines and Boilers, Steam Fire Engines, Leffel's Patent American Double Turbine Water-Wheel, Portable Grist Mills, Roberts' Burr Regulator, Flouring Mill Machinery, Cotton Screws, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.
to may 4.

WILMINGTON.

HAAS & CO.,

Manufacturers of Men and Boy's Clothing, Front Street, near Market, (Hedrick & Ryan's old Stand,) Wilmington, N. C.
Manufactory 830 Market St., Philadelphia.
Gents' Furnishing Goods, Trunks, Valises, &c. Clothing made to order. to July 27.

J. VAN SICKLE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Snuff, Tobacco and Cigars, No. 12 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C. to jan'y 2.

GEORGE A. PECK,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Hardware, Paints, Agricultural Implements, &c., No. 15 S. Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.
Nails—all numbers,
Hollow-ware, Cutlery,
Axes—Club, Timber and Boxing.
Plows—Nos 6, 10, 11, 45, 50, 55, 60, Eagle A. & O.
Feed Cutters, Cornshellers.
Together with a full assortment of Builders' Hardware, Files, &c, which I offer very low to cash buyers.
to jan. 22.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS!

Great Reduction in Prices to Cash Buyers! The Largest and best assortment and stock in the State. Cotton and Naval Stores taken in Exchange for Goods Geo. Z. French,
10 South Front Street,
to Jan 29. Wilmington, N. C.

COX, PARMALEE & DIVINE,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Wilmington, N. C.
Office in Flanner's Building, North Water Street, near the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Depot.
R. M. Cox.
Chas. Parmalee.
to April 9. John F. Divine.

D. A. SMITH,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in and Manufacturer of Cabinet Furniture, Chairs, Mattresses, Wall Paper, Window Curtains, Shades, etc.—Knock-Down Furniture, for Country Trade, at the lowest prices. Doors, Sash and Blinds, in great variety, always on hand. Houses papered at the shortest notice. North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C. to mar 20.

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,

Commission Merchants, and Importers of Coffee, Sugar and Molasses, Wilmington, N. C.
Will give prompt personal attention to all business entrusted to their care, and make liberal cash advances on consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores and other country Produce for sale or shipment.
All Consignments covered by Insurance from date of shipment,
Agents for E. F. Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime.
Agents for Dupont's Powder.
to March 6.

THE INDICATOR,

A Weekly twenty eight column paper, devoted to Literature, Morality, Politics, Agriculture and General News, is published at Warrenton, N. C.

Rev. T. B. KINGSBURY.....Editor.
W. F. WILLIAMS.....Proprietor.

1. It contains excellent literary selections from the best European and American sources.
2. It furnishes good matter from leading agricultural journals.
3. It gives the latest market reports, including Liverpool, New York, Baltimore, Petersburg and Norfolk.
4. It contains a good deal of interesting news matter, embracing political, personal and scientific.
5. It pays special attention to the publication of important current State items.
6. In politics, it is thoroughly independent, and is devoted to the best interests of the South. It is a white man's paper.

Price $3 a year; $1.50 for six months.
Feb22-tf

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS. The Grafton Mineral Paint Co., are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest and most Durable Paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Carriage and Car-makers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and Ships' Bottoms, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being Fire and Water proof,) Floor Oil Cloths, [one Manufacturer having used 5000 lbs. the past year,] and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price $6 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address

DANIEL BIDWELL,
to May 9 254 Pearl Street, N. Y.

HO FOR WATSON'S GALLERY.

Photographs, Ambrotypes, Ferreotypes, Gems, &c., &c., all executed with neatness and dispatch; also old Daguerreotypes copied and colored to Nature. J. W. WATSON,
Feb 17-tf Fayetteville st., Raleigh, N. C.

THE HOLDEN RECORD.

Good government, the real welfare of the Republican Party and every conceivable interest of the

"GOOD OLD NORTH STATE,"

demand the defeat of

W. W. HOLDEN.

To do this the undersigned calls on *every honest man in the State for aid and encouragement.*

He will Edit and Publish a Weekly
ILLUSTRATED CAMPAIGN PAPER,
at the low price of

FIFTY CENTS DURING THE CAMPAIGN,

in Raleigh, N. C., entitled

THE HOLDEN RECORD.

The first copy of which will be issued the 12th of March next, or earlier, should the cuts be received from New York.

☞ Every voter in the State must have a copy of this paper.

Again, the undersigned calls on every man who loves his country, and is desirous of permanent peace and prosperity, to aid him in hurling from political life forever this miserable sinner against the true Republican Interests of the State and Nation. Address

H. H. HELPER,
Feb. 28, 1868—d26,tf Raleigh, N. C.

THE ROANOKE NEWS,

Published at

WELDON, N. C.

Jordan Stone, Editor.
Stone & Uzzell, Proprietors.

A Semi-Weekly Conservative paper, devoted to News, Miscellany, and general reading matter—a fine advertising medium, being at the junction of all the Railroads, going East, North, West and South, and having a back country rich in products.

The proprietors, believing in the great principle that "*this is a white man's government, and should be ruled by white men,*" shall devote their every energy to the one aim of bringing this country back to prosperity and former rule, and shall strive to revert this State from the hands of those who now possess it, or would possess it.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One year,	$4 00
Six months,	2 00
Three months,	1 00

Advertising rates will be as liberal as possible, and we bespeak the patronage of the advertising public. STONE & UZZLE,
Feb. 27, 1868-d26tf Proprietors.

NORFOLK.

IMPORTANT TO COTTON PLANTERS!

Get the best. The UNIVERSAL COTTON GIN AND CONDENSER,—Horace L. Emery's Patent. Manufactured exclusively by

HORACE L. EMERY & SON,
Albany Agricultural Works, Albany, N. Y.
☞ Send for a Circular.

WARREN & WOODHOUSE, Agents,
Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store,
No. 8 Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.
Proprietors and Manufacturers of Warren's celebrated
COMBINED COTTON, CORN, TOBACCO and VEGETABLE PLOW,
IRON TURNER PLOW AND SCRAPER,
Patented June 18th, 1867.
This is the greatest labor saving implement, for its cost, yet offered to the planter.

Agents for Bickford & Huffman's world renowned WHEAT DRILL, with GUANO AND GRASS SEED ATTACHMENT, and for F. F. SMITH'S Patent Cast CAST STEEL PLOW.
For circulars or information, address
WARREN & WOODHOUSE,
to Aug. 24 Norfolk, Va.

J. D. GALE,

Importer and Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Guns and Pistols, Wagon Material, Iron, &c.
No. 17 East Side Market Square,
Norfolk, Va.

Having purchased of Messrs. E. J. GRIFFITH & CO., their entire stock of Hardware, Cutlery, &c., and adding thereto by recent purchases from first hands, I beg leave to inform my friends and the public generally, that I am now prepared to fill their order on as reasonable terms as any other house in the city, and solicit a share of their patronage.

☞ GIVE ME A CALL.

J. D. GALE,
No. 17 East Side Market Square,
Sign of the Pad-Lock, Norfolk, Va.

The undersigned have this day sold to Mr. Jas. D. Gale, their stock of Hardware, Cutlery, &c., at No. 17 East Side Market Square. In retiring from the retail trade, they return hearty thanks to their friends for the substantial evidences o their good will, and ask for their successor the same kind consideration and regard.

E. J. GRIFFITH & CO.
to Aug. 24.

A. WRENN,

Manufacturer and Dealer in Carriages, Harness and Saddlery, No. 13 Union Street, Norfolk Va.
We keep constantly on hand a large number of Carriages, Rockaways, Buggies, Sulkies, etc.
We will sell open Buggies from $145 to $225. Top Buggies from $210 to $325. Rockaways from $165 to $300.
Our stock of Carriage Material is likewise very large and complete, such as Springs, Axels, Spokes, Hubs, Shafts, Bolts, Bands, Trimmings, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at prices that cannot fail to please, and to which we particularly invite the attention of country dealers. We respectfully invite an examination of our stock.
to March 16.

CHEEK, CAPEHART & CO.,

Grocers and Commission Merchants, No. 35 Commerce Street, Norfolk, Va.
A supply of Pure Peruvian Guano and other Fertilizers, Rope, Bagging, Groceries and Liquors, kept constantly on hand.

W. H. Cheek.
W. E. Capehart.
C. Capehart.
to May 24.

BERKLEY, MILLAR & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in Dry Goods and Notions, 16 West Main Street, next to Exchange National Bank, Norfolk, Va.

L. Berkley.
W. M. Millar.
J. W. Grandy.
to May 24. Formerly of N. C.

LATEST NEWS TO THE FARMERS OF North Carolina.

Your attention is called to my large stock of Agricultural Implements, Iron Steel, &c., &c.

Corn and Cotton Planters, Corn Shellers,
Hay, Shuck and Corn Stalk Cutters, Fan Mills, Plows, of every kind, Harrows and Cultivators, Spades, Shovels
Forks, Brier Hooks,
Iron Axles, Springs,
Cart & Wagon Boxes, &c.

I call particular attention to Billup's Centreboard Cotton Scraper, and to Billup's Dixie Plow. The first is warranted to be the best Scraper ever yet invented, and the Farmers are requested to test its merits in connection with any other kind. The Dixie Plow is freer from choking than any other yet made; will pass through the ground with less power, and do better work than any other kind. This is no vain boast. 'Tis easy to claim superiority; hence I ask a trial.

If Farmers are not satisfied, the money will be refunded.

C. BILLUPS.
Agricultural Implements, Seed, Iron and Steel Warehouse No. 11 W. Water Street, Norfolk.
Jan. 30-tf.

DAVIS & BROTHER,

Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Liquors, and Agents for Carolina Belle Scotch Snuff, and various grades of Virginia Manufactured Tobacco.
Keep constantly on hand a full stock of Sugar and Coffee, Flour, Lard, Bacon, Candles, Family and Fancy Soaps, Cheese, Butter, Fish, Pork, Salt, Candy, Buckets, Brooms, Shot, Powder, and many other articles, to complete the assortment usually found in a Jobbing Grocery House.
Any consignment will have especial attention.
No. 24 Roanoke Dock, Norfolk, Va.
to April 17.

RICHMOND.

ALLAN & JOHNSON,

SEED GROWERS AND DEALERS,

1506 Main Street,

RICHMOND, VA.

Descriptive Catalogues for Spring of 1868 now ready, and will be forwarded to any one applying for them.

Particular attention paid to sending SEEDS BY MAIL.

Upon the receipt of Catalogue price, we will forward any Seeds ordered, and guarantee their safe delivery. For PEAS, BEANS, CORN, and other heavy Seeds, 8 cents per lb. must be added to the remittance to pay postage.

There is special Postal arrangement for transmitting seeds by mail, and for all packages not weighing over four pounds it is the safest and most expeditious way of obtaining them. Larger quantities will be forwarded according to instructions.

Remittances by check payable to order, by Post Office draft, or in registered letters are at our risk,

Send for Catalogues, and address

ALLAN & JOHNSON,
Box 438, Richmond, Va.
To February 22.

ETTINGER & EDMOND,

Established in October, 1850, manufacturers of Portable and Stationary Engines and Saw Mills, Steam Fire Engines, Mill Work, Castings, of all kinds, Tobacco Fixtures and Railroad Works.

Cary Street, below Fifteenth, Richmond, Va.
to March 1

EDUCATIONAL.

BINGHAM SCHOOL,

Mebanesville, N. C.

The Spring Term of the Session of 1868 begin March 4th.
Course of Instruction:—Classical, Mathematical and Commercial. Address
to March 1. Col. Wm. Bingham.

TEACHERS.—Two young ladies of good family educated at Salem, North Carolina, with one year's experience in teaching, wish situations as teachers in private families or public institutions. They can teach the English branches, Music, and the rudiments of French and Latin. Apply to Mrs. M. E. Phillips, Jackson, Northampton county, N. C. i-1-5t.

SELECT MALE SCHOOL,

Warren County, N. C.

The Sixth Session of this School will commence January 16th, 1868, and continue twenty weeks.

TUITION.

Classics,	$25 00
Elementary Branches,	20 00
Board, (including everything except lights and towels,)	80 00

Terms: One half in advance, the remainder at the close of the Session.
No deduction made except in cases of protracted sickness.
Pupils are requested to be present at the commencement of the Session.
Location healthy; neighborhood pleasant.
☞ Pupils will be met at Littleton Depot, if requested. Address,
JOHN GRAHAM, Principal,
Or, Rev. C. M. Cook,
to July 1. Warrenton, N. C.

WILSON FEMALE SEMINARY,

AT WILSON, N. C.

FACULTY:

Rev. William Hooper, Belles Lettres, Intellectual and Moral Philosophy. J. DeBernieres Hooper, Languages and English Criticism. Thos C. Hooper, Mathematics and Natural Science Richard Goerdeler, Music.
The Boarding Department will be conducted by one of the Principals.
For particular information, apply to
Messrs. HOOPER, Principals.

The business concerns of the Seminary are in the hands of J. DeB. HOOPER,
to Proprietor.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY!

A situation as teacher of the higher English branches, by a young lady with ten years' experience in teaching. Would be glad of a situation as an assistant in an Academy, or of a neighborhood school, or family school. She brings good testimonials as an excellent teacher, and of one who is apt to teach, and whose heart is in the work. Will accept a salary suitable to the times, as she is without a home or parent to assist her.
Apply immediately for name and address at
Jan 22, tf. THIS OFFICE.

GOLDSBORO' FEMALE COLLEGE.

The Spring Session will open on Monday, the 17th of February, and continue twenty weeks. Board and tuition, exclusive of lights and washing, $95 per session of twenty weeks. Pupils will be charged only from time of entrance. No deduction from tuition will be allowed, except in cases of protracted sickness. We have a corps of experienced and successful teachers. Ornamental Branches and Music moderate. For particulars, address E. W. ADAMS,
i-1-doaw till mar 1. President.

BOARDING HOUSE IN FRANKLINTON.

The Schools, both Male and Female, will soon commence, and I am prepared to furnish every convenience and accommonation for 10 or 12 boarders, usually found in a first class boarding house. Terms—$124 per month—half in advance. For further particulars, address
MRS. ANN COGGIN,
tf Franklinton, N. C.

WILSON MALE ACADEMY,

WILSON, N. C.

The Spring Session will begin on the second Monday in January. Address
G. W. Arrington,
to Principal.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS OF SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE.

The Seaboard Inland Air Line, Via Portsmouth, Va., is now prepared to ship Spirits Turpentine to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, its steamers having bern arranged for that purpose.
This Air Line Route, from the fact of its avoiding transshipment from one Steamer to another, to which other lines are subject, and being the direct line between the Carolinas and the Northern Cities, with daily communication to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, and to Boston a Steamer every five days, offers great facilities for shipping, and is in advance of all other routes from three to five days and at as low rates.
In shipping from the Northern Cities, or from Carolina, be careful to ship via Portsmouth, and by the Steamship Lines connecting with and forming part of this Route.
From Boston, Merchants and Miner's Line, E. Sampson, Agent, end Central Wharf.
From New York, Old Dominion Steamship Company, Pier 37, North river, M. L. McCready President, Office 187 Greenwich street.
From Philadelphia, Clyde Steamers, 14 South Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.
Annamessic Line, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, J. L. Wilson, Agent.
From Baltimore, Bay Line Steamers, foot of Union Dock, R. L. Poor, Agent.
All claims for loss, damage, or overcharge, promptly settled by applying to
Jas. McCarrick, Trace Agent,
Seaboard Inland Air Line, Portsmouth, Va.

The Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad and Bay Line, having been consolidated under one Management from Weldon to Baltimore, offer greater facilities to shippers of freight to and from Baltimore than any other line, and guarantees safety of freight and prompt settlement of all claims.

E. G. Ghio,
Sup't Trans'n, S. & R. R.
W. C. Smith, Sup't Bay Line Steamers.
to Mar 4

PIANOS! PIANOS!! PIANOS!!

Chas. M. Stieff, Manufacturer of 1st Premium Grand and Square Pianos, Factories, 84 and 86 Camden St., and 45 and 47 Perry St. Office and Warerooom, No. 7 N. Liberty St., above Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md.
All of our Pianos are of the New Style, with the Agraffe Treble and Ivory Fronts, and have all the latest improvements. Warranted for five years.
Second Hand Pianos and Parlor Organs always on hand from $50 to $300.
I respectfully refer to the following persons who have our Pianos in use:
Gen. Robt. E. Lee, Lexington, Va.; Gen. Robt. Ransom, Wilmington, N. C.; Wm. F. Mercer, Weeks B. Parker, James R. Thigpen, John W. Johnson, A. Braswell, Dr. G. C. Sugg, Mrs. M. M. Oates and John Thorp, of Edgecombe; G. A. Selby, Wilson, N. C., and Rev. C. B. Riddick, Kittrell Springs, N. C.
A call is solicited. Terms liberal. tf.

OLD HOUSE KEEPERS, NEW BEGINNERS, and others, will find it greatly to their advantage to make their purchases of CORTLAN & CO., 216 and 218 Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md., who import and manufacture the Goods offered by them, and are therefore enabled to sell them at the lowest possible prices.
Housekeeping Articles of every description, from the most ordinary of Kitchen Utensils, to the richest Table and Parlor Ornaments.

CORTLAN & CO.,
Importers of Family Hardware, Plated Goods, China, Glass, Bronzes, Clocks, Fancy Ornaments, Table Cutlery, &c.;
Manufacturers of Block Tin, Japanned Wares, &c., and
Dealers in Wooden Ware, Baskets, Brushes, Mats, &c., &c. [to sep 7.
Baltimore, Md.

NORFOLK.

FURNITURE,

CARPETINGS, PAPER-HANGINGS,
CHAIRS, BEDDING,
OIL CLOTH, MATTINGS, RUGS,
WINDOW SHADES, CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES,

S. A. STEVENS,

Johnson's Hall,

MAIN STREET, NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

We call special attention to our Fine Stock of

PAPER-HANGINGS,

CORNICES AND CURTAIN GOODS.

Our stock of the above goods is one of the most

COMPLETE AND EXTENSIVE

South of New York. It embraces all grades and the most

RECENT STYLES.

Our prices are as low as can be purchased North, and we most respectfully solicit a call. We hold out extra inducements to Country Merchants, and we can fill orders on the most accommodating terms.

OUR CARPET AND OIL CLOTH DEPARTMENT

is on the lower floor—our store being 30 feet wide and 175 feet deep, and our stock comprises all grades of goods in this line, from the very cheapest Domestic to the very finest Brussels or Velvet Carpeting. We can offer especial inducements to Merchants—we will sell Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c., as low as any house in the country. We have our goods manufactured especially for us with particular regard to the style and quality best suited to our trade.

Our stock of

FLOOR AND TABLE OIL CLOTH

is the finest in this State. We have constantly on hand all widths, from 18 inches wide to 24 feet wide.

OUR FURNITURE WARE-ROOMS

are on the second floor. Our main room is the Hall, which is the handsomest and largest exhibition room in the South. It is 150 feet long by 60 feet wide. There we display the greatest variety of Household Furniture to be found South of Philadelphia, and we guarantee to compete in price, style and quality of work with any house in the country.

We call especial notice to our

PAPER-HANGING AND WINDOW SHADE DEPARTMENT.

We are constantly in receipt of all the west designs of both Foreign and Domestic Papers.

BORDERS AND FIRE SCREENS, SHADES,

constantly on hand and made to order.

Our facilities for business are unsurpassed by any house, either North or South, and we invite the attention of housekeepers and the trade to our establishment, as we feel confident they will not fail to satisfy themselves that the above goods can be purchased on as favorable terms as at the North. Very Respectfully,

S. A. STEVENS,
Johnson's Hall, Main St., Norfolk, Va.
to July 24.

TO THE MERCHANTS OF NORTH CAROLINA. We have completed our Stock of China, Glass and Queensware for the Fall Trade, and are now ready to offer inducements to the Merchants of North Carolina to buy their supplies in Norfolk. We are prepared to sell as low as similar goods can be bought in any market North of us, thereby saving the cost of freight, and avoiding the risk of breakage by frequent handling. We invite the trade to call and see us. Martin & Rogers,
Importers and Dealers in China, Glass and Queensware, No. 37 Market Square, Norfolk, Va.
tf

PROSPECTUS OF THE WESTERN VINDICATOR.

On or before the 1st of March, prox., the undersigned will commence the publication of a weekly newspaper bearing the above title, in the town of Rutherfordton, N. C.
The Western Vindicator, as its name signifies, will be devoted to the support of Western interests and the dissemination of useful intelligence, selected with especial reference to the wants of the section it will labor to represent.
Politically, it will, for the present, adhere to no party organization; but will give a cheerful support to all measures looking to the speedy restoration of the Union, the preservation of the Constitution *intact*, the supremacy of the white race, and the perpetuity of Republican liberty in America.
The "Vindicator" will have a larger circulation in Rutherford, Polk and Cleaveland counties than any other newspaper. Advertising rates low.
Terms—$2 per annum.
Feb 11-tf. R. A. SHOTWELL,
Rutherfordton, N. C.

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY!

INCORPORATED IN MAY, 1819.

ASSETS, on January 1st, 1868, $8,000,000.



ANNUAL INCOME FOR THE YEAR PAST, $7,000,000.

NEW POLICIES ISSUED IN 1867 WAS 16,000.

THIS OLD AND WELL-TRIED INSTITUTION IS COMMENDED TO THE CONFIDENCE of the American people by the fact that during its entire history all of its contracts and payment of losses has been promptly and honorably paid to the amount of $17,485,804 71, and notwithstanding this large amount paid, the Company has now more than One Million of Dollars above liabilities, and are paying back to her members 50 per cent. dividends. And what has been done in the past can but secure confidence for the future. No Company whatever does more or better for its members than the Ætna. Those contemplating this mode of providing for their loved ones will find it to their interest to call at the Office, over the store of Messrs. Tucker & Co.

WM. H. CROW, General Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

Dr. W. H. McKEE, Examining Physician.
February 15, 1868.

RALEIGH.

JOHN NICHOLS.
JOHN C. GORMAN. JOHN B. NEATHERY.

NICHOLS, GORMAN & NEATHERY,

PRACTICAL

BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS,

BINDERS AND

BLANK-BOOK MANUFACTURERS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The proprietors of this popular establishment (one of the most complete in the south) give their entire attention to the prompt and artistic execution of

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

Their stock of

PLAIN AND FANCY PAPERS, CARD

&c., is large and varied, and having been purchased at wholesale prices, for cash, can be furnished their patrons much cheaper than the same material can be bought from retail dealers.

ATTORNEYS,
CONSTABLES,
CLERKS,
and SHERIFFS

furnished at short notice with BLANKS of every description; also

MINUTE DOCKETS,
TRIAL DOCKETS,
EXECUTION DOCKETS,
MARRIAGE REGISTERS,
ADMINISTRATOR'S BOND BOOKS,
GUARDIAN BOND BOOKS,
TAX BOOKS, &c., &c.,

Ruled to any pattern and Bound to order.

SCHOOL and COLLEGE CATALOGUES,
CIRCULARS, REPORTS, DIPLOMAS
etc., gotten up in a tasty style.

OLD BOOKS,
NEWSPAPERS,
MUSIC,
PERIODICALS,
LAW REPORT, etc.,

Bound in any style.

☞ Publishers and Agents for the sale of

BATTLE'S DIGEST and PHILLIPS' SUPREME COURT REPORTS.

PLUTO.

The origin of MINT JULEP,

Being the sad Story and Lamentable fate of the fair Minthe.

A HUMOROUS POEM.

A few copies of this popular Poem still on hand.
Sent by mail, post paid on receipt of FIFTY CENTS.
NICHOLS, GORMAN & NEATHERY,
jul .12—tf. Raleigh, N. C.

PETERSBURG

COCKADE MARBLE AND GRANITE Works, Sycamore Street, (opposite the Peace,) Petersburg, Va.
The undersigned would return his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage he has received from the people of North Carolina and would respectfully inform them that he has constantly on hand a varied assortment of Grave Stones, finest material and workmanship, at low prices.
Orders by mail promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.
Also deals in Iron and Wire Railings.
☞ A deduction of 10 per cent. on grave stones for Confederate soldiers.
to May 1 Chas. M. Wayne.

B. D. EVANS, (successor to Evans & Gordon) Manufacturer of Tin Ware, Cooking and Heating Stoves, of the most approved patterns. I have just returned from the foundries, where I selected my Stoves in person, and from a long experience in the business, flatter myself that I can give satisfaction. In a few days I will have a new Stove, and the best ever offered in this market.
The Great Doty Washing Machine is still the wonder and admiration of all. Send your orders early.
Persons indebted to the late firm must settle, as much longer indulgence cannot be given.
jan 30 tf D. D. Evans.

TODD, PUGH & CO.,

General Grocers & Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.
Cotton Planters furnished with Bagging and Rope on liberal terms, payable out of the cotton crop.
We are agents for the celebrated Arrow Tie and Painted Iron Band, for baling cotton.
Twenty tons on hand, ready for delivery.
We are also agents for Woolston's Ammoniated Bone Phosphate of Lime.
Bagging and Rope of the best quality always on hand. tf

UPHOLSTERY GOODS. The subscriber begs leave to call the attention of the public to his large and well assorted stock of House Furnishing Goods, such as Carpets, Rugs and Mats, Floor and Table Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Curtain Goods, Lace Curtains, Gimps and Tassels, Window Cornices, and Curtain Bands. Hair and Shuck Mattresses always on hand and made to order. Rooms papered at the shortest notice.
Our prices are as low as can be purchased at the North, and we most respectfully solicit a call.
J. M. Whitehurst,
63 Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.,
to Oct 16 Opposite the Court House.

HENRY T. ALLEY,

Confectioner, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Fruits, Fancy Goods, Cigars, Toys, &c., Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.
Weddings and Parties furnished in the most approved style. to sep 14.

C. C. VINCENT,

Coppersmith, Tin and Sheet Iron Manufacturer, Plumming, Roofing, &c. Dealer in Stove, Ranges, Heaters and House Furnishing Goods. No. 20, Old Street, Petersburg, Va.
to Sept 14

MARTIN & TANNAHILL,

Grocers and Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va. Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Wheat &c., will have prompt and faithful personal attention. Orders for goods filled at reasonable prices for cash or to punctual customers.
ROBT. A. MARTIN,
to Mar 14 ROBT. TANNAHILL.

CHAS. E. ELLINGTON,

Upholsterer and Paper-Hanger, Manufacturer and Dealer in Paper Hangings, Table and Floor Oil Cloths, Curtain Goods, Cornices, Shades, Mattresses, Tassels, Loops, Gimps, Bands, Fringes, &c., No. 21½ Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.
to sept 14.

TANNAHILL, McILWAINE & CO.,

General Commission Merchants, for sale of Produce and Purchase of Merchandise Generally.
No. 130 Pearl Street, New York.
Martin & Tannahill, McIlwaine & Co.
of Petersburg, Va. of Petersburg, Va.
to Feb. 27.

OSBORNE, PATTERSON & CO.,

Grocers and Commission Merchants, 106 Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.
R. C. Osborne,
J. R. Patterson,
to Sept 14 L. E. Stainback.

WHOLESALE DRUG TRADE.

Jordan & Carr, (successors to Geo. B. Jones,) Corner Sycamore and Washington streets, Petersburg, Va., have the pleasure to announce to the merchants of Virginia and North Carolina the reception of one of the largest and most complete stocks of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye-stuffs, Window Glass, Garden, Yard and Field Seeds, Surgical and Dental Instruments, Brushes, Combs, Perfumery, Toilet Soaps, &c., to be found in the Southern States. Their entire stock was purchased from first hands for Cash, and they feel confident they can offer superior inducements to the trade.
Merchants, Physicians and others are cordially invited to call and examine their goods and prices.
Walter B. Jordan,
to May 1 Joseph Carr.

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